LOUN LLE JOURNAL PRENTICE, AD UNCORNE OF DEBORNE. JOURNAL OFFICE D. TRO, GREEN STREET, BETWEEN THIRE AND FOURTH.

MILITARY DIRECTORY.

Brigadier-General Boyle commanding United States forces in and about Louis the Headquarters on Seventh street, between Oks. Tut and Broadway.

Capt. Julius Fosses, Assistant Inspector General of Gavalry-Office 41 Sixth st.

Colonel Mark Mundy, commanding post-Office on Centre street, between Jefferson and Green.

Quartermaster's Office-Green street, two doors above Third.

Capt. H. C. Symonds, Commissary of Subsistence-Office on Main st., fourth door above the Galt House.

Dr. J. F. Head, Medical Director-Office on Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Major Selby Harney, Provest Marshal-Office on Green street, oetween Fifth and Centre.

Lieut. Edson, Ordinance Officer-Seventh and Main streets. Streets. Lason, Ordinance Onicor—Seventh and Main streets. Post Commissary, under charge of Mr. James C. Savage, Main street, between First and Second.

Capt. W. F. Harris, Assistant Quartermaster (in charge of transportation)—Office on Main street, between First and Brook.

Capt. C. N. Goulding, Assistant Quartermaster, 522

Main street. Capt. Hull, Military Storekeeper—Main street, be-tween First and Brook.

Paymaster's Office—Corner of Third and Walnut

treets.
United States Depository—Over the Postoffice.
Lieut. Smyser, Ordnance Office, Main st., between eventh and Eighth.
Medical Purveyor's Office, Main st., above the Galt GENERAL HOSPITALS IN LOUISVILLE.

No. 1-Corner of Night and Broadway-Dr. Thomas
L. Caldwell, Surgeon in charge; Assistants,
B. F. Grant, F. Rectanus, A. W. Kaye.

No. 2-Prison Hospital, corner Tenth and Broadway-Dr. G. W. Ronald, Surgeon in charge;
Assistants, H. Tammadge, H. Ryan.

No. 3-Sixth street, between Walnut and Chestnut
-Dr. Thomas W. Colescott, Surgeon in
charge; Assistants, J. A. Dougherty, C. A.
Fishey
No. 4-Corr.or Main and Fifteenth streets-Dr. John
F. Crowe, Surgeon in charge; Assistants,
A. P. Brower, T. H. Cochran, George C.

Allen, Brower, T. H. Cochran, George C.

7. Crowe, Surgeon in charge; Assistants, A. P. Brower, T. H. Cochran, George C. Allen.

No. 5—For Eruptive Diseases, Bardstown turnpike.

No. 6—Green street, between Fifth and Centre—Dr. J. W. Knight, Surgeon in charge; Assistants, J. M. Pillsbury, C. E. Sanborn.

No. 7—On a hill east of Park Barracks.

No. 8—Fifth street, between Broadway and York—Dr. F. Irish, Surgeon in charge; Assistant, J. A. Octulony.

No. 9—Corner Market and Wenzel streets.

No. 10—Walnut street, between Juckson and Hancock No. 11—Corner Chestnut and Floyd, and Gity Hospital.

No. 12—Corner Magazine and Ninth streets—Dr. B. L. Stanford, Surgeon in charge; Assistant, J. B. Gerard.

No. 13—Corner Green and Thirteenth streets—Dr. Thomas C. Mercer, Surgeon in charge; Assistants, J. Logan, J. Harden.

No. 14—Corner Brook and Broadway (for officers).

No. 16—Griffin House, Newburg turnpike.

No. 16—Griffin Hospital, Ind.

No. 21—Bind Asylum, Shelbyville turnpike.

No. 19—Johnson House, between the Bardstown and Sewburg turnpikes.

No. 21—Marchall, between Campbell and Wenzel.

S. Hudson, Acting Assistant Surgeon.

Post Chaplain—Rev. Wm. Holman, Brook street etween Jefferson and Market streets.

Hospital Chaplain—Rev. W. W. Meech, Sixth street, etween Walnut and Green streets.

AFFAIRS AT CLARKSVILLE .- Captain Henry

O'Neil, company D, 28th Kentucky Infantry has been recaptured from the rebels and arrived safe at Camp Rousseau, near Clarksville Tenn., on the 14th instant. When a portion of the regiment was on its way last month from this place to Southern Kentucky, Capt O'Neil was accidentally left behind at Evansville, but had succeeded in getting on as far as Fort Donelson, and was there at the time of the late battle. Being unable to get on up the river to rejoin his regiment he, together with Lieut. Samuel Mitchell, of the 17th Kentucky, and Lieut. Charles Haight, of the 2d Illinois Cavalry, tendered their services as volunteers to Col. Hardin, and bore themselves gallantly during the engagement, but they were unfortunately surrounded and captured with about

the hour of dress parade, he gave, at the request of Col. Boone, a brief history of his adventures to the regiment, and was received by the men with hearty cheers, while the officers crowded round him and greeted him with hearty words of congratulation. He states that the rebels were perfectly terror-stricker when the gunboats opened upon them with shells, and skedaddled vigorously until they reached a safe distance. He describes the defence of the fort as one of the most brilliant feats of the war, and states that it was the intention of the rebels, had they succeeded in taking Fort Donelson, to have attacked Charksville. The 28th Kentucky, after having been scattered so long, has, with the exception of a few who were left behind sick and a few who are ignobly absenting themselves withou leave and sneaking in citizen's clothes about the streets and alleys of Louisville, been collected together again, and is encamped at a fort just below Clarksville and at the mouth of Red River, which was commenced by the rebels and called by them Fort Clark; but our soldiers call it Fort Boyle, and, under the energetic administration of Col. Bruce, commanding the post, it is rapidly being comple ted. The position is a strong one, command ing the town and the river for miles abov and below, as well as the country back of and across the river. The 17th Kentucky Col. Stout; the 102d Ohio, Col. Given; a bat talion of the 8th Kentucky cavalry, and the 1st Tennessee battery, are encamped about a mile further up and adjoining the town, where they also have thrown up fortifications, and should any stray band of butternuts venture

giving them a warm reception. REBEL MEETING IN BULLITT COUNTY .-- A correspondent in Bullitt furnishes us the proceedings of the rebel meeting which was held there a few days ago to appoint delegates to the contemplated State Convention at Frankfort. The meeting was organized by calling Thomas Riley to the Chair and appointing Jas. Hoagland Secretary. On motion of H. H. Field it was made the duty of the chairman to appoint the delegates, and the chair appointed the following names: Messrs Neill Brooks, Wat Brooks, Old Nick Sim mons, Henry Trunnell, Paul Bright, Milton Smith, George Weller, Nece Hogland, Stev Sanders, Nat Gatton, Charles Lee, Davy Standaford, Wm. Shawler, Vardiman Crenshaw, George Simmons, James Crome, Jr., Joseph Troutman, and one or two outsiders-stranger

over that way they will take great pleasure in

John Letcher, the rebel Governor of Virginia, has communicated to the Legislature a copy of his letter to President Lincoln, giv ing the reasons for his retaliation for the imprisonment of the "French lady" Col. Richard Zarvona. In this letter he informs Mr. Lincoln that he has adopted retalitaory measures, having placed a number of Federal prisoners in close confinement in Richmond to await the action of the United States government in the case of Col. Zarvona. Among these Federal prisoners are John W. Howe, Isaac Goble, and David V. Auxier, who belonged to the 39th Kentucky Regiment, and Samuel Parks, also

from Kentucky. DR. NEWBERRY'S LECTURE.-In commo with hundreds of others, the exceedingly inclement weather prevented our attending upon the lecture of Dr. Newberry at Masonic Tem ple on Thursday evening. The lecturer had a fair audience, however, and those who attended inform us that they were more than repaid for braving the elements. Dr. N. is thoroughly acquainted with the subject of which he treated, the Far West, and is capable of rendering a lecture upon that or any subject most interesting and instructive. It would gratify our citizens if the Doctor could be induced to

repeat the discourse. The fine new warehouse of Messrs Phelps, Caldwell, & Co., at the corner of Main and Tenth streets, has been completed, and the proprietors are now ready for business Major W. S. D. Megowan, who is well known to the planters of Kentucky, and whose experience eminently fits him for the business, is connected with this new house.

A NEW KIND OF IRON-CLADS .- In the New Jersey Legislature, recently, Mr. Dater offered a resolution recommending, in view of the employment of negroes as soldiers, and of the general instructions to the rebel troops to "fire low," that the Federal Government appropriate \$10,000 to have the negro soldiers iron-

[For the Louisville Journal.]

In the Journal, and in fact nearly the entire press, there is now and for some time has been, much discussion as to what was the real cause of the present great rebellion against the Government and authority of the United States, Men have sought to know what could be the Men have sought to know what could be the real primary cause why an insurrection so gigantic in its proportions, and so malignant in its character, should be made against a government, framed with such wisdom, and devised by the purest and best men that this country ever knew, and not excelled in virtue and patriotism by any the world has ever known.

known. Some of this discussion has been marked by a spirit of logical reasoning and of philo-sophic inquiry, but a great deal of it has been characterized by wild and rash assertion, by tatements without authority, and is full of laring sophisms and ridiculous absurdity. glaring sophisms and ridiculous absurdity. It is a matter of infinite moment both to the practical statesman and to the mass of loyal citizens that the real cause of the horrid rebellion that threatens to destroy forever Amercan liberty, and for a long period to blight the Christian civilization of the world, should be fully known; and, being known, appreciated. And this is the more necessary—may I not say absolutelyly necessary—when a large part of the press, many prominent politicians who seem press, many prominent politicians who seem to have frequent and easy access to the ear of the President, and a large number of people in several States, assert that the institution of

negro slavery was that cause, that still exists which originally gave rise to the rebellion. For these declare that what produced it is still energetic, active, malignant, and totally in-consistent with the stability of the govern-ment, and with the perpetuity of the Union. And they claim that this evil of such giganc proportions may be (some may say already as been) easily swept away by a few penrokes of the National Executive. The peole, who have enormous taxes to pay, and to o still more than that, to suffer more than obstill more than that, to suffer more than that, to fight and to shed out their blood, to receive wounds and to die, I say these enduring, suffering people have an immense interest in the question, is the cause of this rebellion the institution of African slavery, which may be destroyed by a simple proclamation of the Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy of the United States, declaring those slaves to be henceforth free; or is this most atrocious assult now making on the liberties of the people the legitimate offspring of the aim of a powerful aristocracy in certain States, not oscillated the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the problem of the proposal proporting to be corsets purchased in Paris, and entered at a valuation of the Parliament, and has miade persistent efforts to establish absolutism, instead of the liberal system he once promised. The Chamber of Deputies when it refused to vote coromous supplies for the army, and insied on his right to help himself from the public treasury. In various other ways he same entry six other cases represented to be of the Parliament, and has middle persistent efforts to establish absolutism, instead of the liberal system he once promised. The Chamber of Deputies when it refused to vote coromous supplies for the army, and insied on his right to help himself from the constitution on several occasions. He undertook to defy the Chamber of Deputies when it refused to vote enormous supplies for the army, and insied on his right to help himself from the constitution of constitution on several occasions. He undertook to defy the Chamber of Deputies when it refused to vote enormous supplies for the army, and insied on his right to help himself from the charge of goods which had been the constitution of the Chamber of Deputies when it refused to vote enormous supplies for the army, and insied on his right to help himself from the charge of goods and been instead on his refused to vote enormous supplies for the army, and insied on hi

ointed agents to extend African slavery over very State and country on the globe. It appears that many of the absurd conclu-ions that have been boldly, and often osten-

tatiously thrown into the face of the public, have been drawn, because those who have have been drawn, because those who have been engaged in investigating the history of the rebellion, and in noting the chief actors in it, have not been careful to make a proper distinction between the acts of the many and of the few; in not regarding the difference between the politicians, who led, and the people who followed. And another great mistake has been committed in not properly discriminating between the primary cause of the rebellion, originating with the controlling few, and the various INSTRUMENTS, used by that dominant minority to excite the fears, denating between the primary cause of the reforty men, and were taken by the rebels to a
point at some distance from the river. Col.
Hardin, however, hearing of their whereabouts, sent out a detachment of cavalry, recaptured them, and brought them back within
our lines.

The gallant Captain brought with him flattering testimonials from the commandant at
Fort Donelson, and, hoping to return just at great means, the powerful instrument, has been mistaken for the CAUSE whence sprung the conspiracy; that means that was so potent-He who can make no better distinction be

> MEN OF THE COUNTRY. What frauds they perpetrated, what black falsehoods they promulgated, what threats, what actual violence, what extortion, what bribery, what skilful handling of means that were placed within their reach by fanatic and wicked men in the free States; all these I pass by for let us here consider the cause. I then say racy against the government springing from an aim cherished for years by prominent Southern aristocrats to dissolve the Union, set p a separate establishment, lay the founda-ion of a great empire of seceded States and f conquered territory, and then in that new mpire to rule, holding the reins of power over

> s well as black.
> The truth of the proposition will, I think, the truth of the broposition with, I think, be easily seen by the caudid man who acquaints himself with the past history of the labits and manners, political and social, of he people of the "cotton States." The hosts of ignorant wretches, who, to their own cerain ruin, have been deluded to take up arms trainst our government, will not believe the against our government, will not believe the United States at any risk or harm whatever o the loyal white man will not believe it. But it is to be hoped that there are even in ive the truth. Such, even in these danger-

wretched, disfranchised, enslaved white race

of wealth in those States have long been the ame. And every intelligent man knows that or years this minority has been unceasing in or years this minorty has been unceasing in ts attempts to extend and confirm its power at the expense of popular liberty. The evi-lences of this constant warfare on the privi-leges, the political power, and the social equaly of the people at large—of our poor white en—is to be found in the many "property nalifications" found in the statute books of nose States, and in divers other matters too edious to mention here, but well known.

olanter, where riches gave him the aristocratic easte, should be the master of, and should own as his property, those who in the vocabulary peculiar to the originators of secession are called "poor white trash." No, it was to redress no great wrong being suffered by the people of the South. It was to secure the safety of no domestic institutions that a sharphty Southern aristocracy sought to dissolve the Union and destroy the Con-stitution. They hated both the Union and the Constitution, For that Constitution is a law hat guarantees liberty to the people; and tha ristocracy, some of them descended from the ories of the Revolution, both the Union and e Constitution its organic law were intense-

ct so incontestibly that no sane man could eny it. The pulpit, the press, the rostrum, nder the sway of that treason-breeding class east covertly insinuating—that to invest the ecople with power is to bring ruin to the land, hat there must be, for there ought to be, a su-bremacy in the hands of the man of wealth over the "mud-sill." And all this talk and all this rriting and speaking and preaching and eaching on the part of a minority, of a ew, has been to establish and perpetuate caste.

resumption to lift his meddling voice in pub-ic affairs. Theirs was to be an empire in which the sceptre should be held by "cavaliers"

cherished object. To that degradation they invite the people of Kentucky; to such serf-dom they allure.

Alas there seem to be many of the "poor white trash" who seem to glory in shame, and like fawning hounds, strive to lick the hands that seek to bind them and their posterity in shains forever.

I shall not here stop to discuss the proper object of the Government in the war to crush this unholy rebellion. Can he who believes that I have correctly set forth what was the ause of the conspiracy, and who were the conspirators, doubt a single moment?
Kentucky has sent forth forty thousand of her

sons to the field at the call of the government. They are some of them in the State—many sons to the field at the call of the government. They are some of them in the State—many on far distant fields, fighting—dying. They went forth neither to free the negro slave on the one hand, nor to bind his fetters the more securely on the other.

They did go forth cheerfully, and many more will if necessary yet go, lest Southern traitors should destroy the liberties of the white race. They believed that the war was not for the freedown of the negro but to save.

Perryville, Kv., all testify.

the one hand, nor to bind his fetters the more securely on the other.

They did go forth cheerfully, and many more will if necessary yet go, lest Southern traitors should destroy the liberties of the white race. They believed that the war was not for the freedom of the negro, but to save the liberties of the white man.

J. M. O.

There was but a single case before the City Court this morning. Elizabeth Robinson, charged with larceny, was examined and discharged.

FRAUDS IN THE NEW YORK CUSTOM HOUSE Mr. Chase has submitted to the House Committee of Commerce the report of the Solici tor of the Treasury Department, Mr. Jordan, upon the Custom House in New York. The Solicitor proceeded to New York, and he remarks that the first discovery of clear evidence was as follows:

Suspicions had been excited respecting importations of a Madame Heustell, in consequence of which an examination of her premises was made, in the course of which a letter

not in such an investigation arrive at conclusions, drawn from pemises founded either on the declarations of fanatical abetitionists, or of ignorant, wicked secessionists; these the disunionist and the ultra abolitionist will agree. He will derive no light from the teachings either of those who think that the great mission of statesmen and the destiny of the Republic is to free "the poor oppressed slave," or from those other enemies of the country who act as if they are divinely appointed agents to extend African slavery over ing had no suspicion of the dishonesty of her broker; and she further declared that the other six cases embraced in the entry did not belong to her, and that she knew nothing about

being recognized as that of a broker named Courtan, he was called upon and asked for an explanation. He admitted the making out of the entry to have been his act, but said that the memoranda for making it had been furnished by other persons, and that he really knew nothing about the actual nature of the transaction. After a delay of some two weeks action.

voices were not often made in hetitious names, and goods belonging to one person were frequently entered as belonging to another. In some cases an importer paid money to his broker, who paid the culprits in the Custom House their share of the plunder. Seizures were made by the Government in several instances, and the result was the recovery of the control of the c

about fifty thousand dollars.

The persons in the Custom House known to times of peril, nor is he at all equal to the emergencies of the hour.

I assert the proposition to be true: the Cause of the present conspiracy seeking to destroy the government by armed force was a desire on the part of the ARISTOCRATIC FEW in certain Southern States to take all political power and social equality out of the hands of the People and to enslave and reduce to a political and social serfdom the poor white

dence is, I regret to say, conclusive and startling. The facts developed in connection with
the particular frauds before referred to, show
that money in large sums was received by
officials as the undisguised reward of fraudulent acts or connivance. But in addition to

One lawyer declares that he has paid to a single record clerk the sum of eighteen hundred dollars within a period of fifteen months. doing but a moderate business are discovered, showing that about a thousand dollars had annum from such sources. It is shown that a bond clerk, with a salary of \$1,000 per annum, quently strengthened the conviction on amounts are represented to be inconsiderable, and that they are received ostensibly for special services—innocent in their nature—rendered by the official for the importer; but I think that enough is developed to justify the belief that they are larger in amount the belief that they are larger in amount the services—the they are larger in amount the belief that they are received ostensibly for special self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the belief that they are received ostensibly for special self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the belief is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the belief is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention to match him against any one on the other side of the self is perfectly ignorant of any intention that they are larger in amount than most of these officials are willing to admit, and that hey must be, to the last degree, demoralizing and corrupting, I apprehend none can doubt. In my judgment, the giving or receiving of such emoluments in any form should be pro-

Speculation in Woollen and Cotton Goods. Cotton and woollen goods are selling quickly at large profits. Everything that has a sub-stantial value in its relation to the common wants of life is going up in price, and every-body that deals in merchandise is making money. Gold is rising, and everything that has a value in gold is rising with it. The poor man's comforts, coffee, tea, sugar, a little fore the American public as the trainer, adviserich man's luxuries, and with cotton at a dellar a pound, it looks as if a cotton shirt might become an old wife's myth. Wool is cheaper than cotton, but it is on the advance, and has doubled in value within a year. There is, however, a better prospect for a supply of wool than of cotton, and men of slender means and fixed incomes may find some comfort in the reflection that "an old cloak makes a new jerkin. But business is good, and the profits the reflection that "an old cloak makes a new jerkin. But business is good, and the profits of speculation are large. Some day the bubble inflated will break. Every man must guess for himself when that will happen. In the meantime, on this smooth wave of apparent prosperity, it is prudent to keep an eye out for rocks and breakers. An accident has carried up cotton and cotton goods and every-thing else. Another accident may carry them

Nickel on the Rise .- Copper and nickel cents have reached the enormous premium of eighteen per cent, to the great loss and inconvenience of retail dealers. They are made in vasi quantities at the Philadelphia mint, where they are exchangeable for government legal tender notes at par, but even nickel refuses to be a basis for our inflated currency, and hence

The Pennsylvania tobacco crop this year, it is said as proved quite successful. In Lancaster county the eaf tobacco business has increased very largely with n the last few years, and vast sums have been expended in the aurebase of the loaf in that county. Beside

MURFREESBORO, TENN., Feb. 12, 1863. Will you allow me the use of your column o say a few words in regard to a gallant youn of Kentucky Volunteer Infantry? I refer to Major O. L. Baldwin, who, as I perceive by your Journal of the 7th inst., has just received is well-merited advancement.

I knew Major Bulwin many years before h

entered the army. He was a resident of the city of Louisville, and became a soldier during the Utah troubles. Applying himself ardently to the minutize of his new profession, he successively advanced through the various

Perryville, Ky., all testify.

Truly the 2d Kentucky is lucky to have so able an officer and gallant gentleman as Major Baldwin for one of its field officers, for truly he does more honor to the commission than the commission does him.

VETERAN.

A Crisis in Prussia.—King William, of Prussia, is not governing his Kingdom so wisely as he did when he was Prince Regent. Then he was liberal, and he made a most acceptable substitute for the mad old King. At he beginning of his reign, he promised also iberal measures, and the people flattered themliberal measures, and the people flattered them-selves that they were going to have a system of government as free as that of England. But for the past two years these hopes have been gradually fading away. The King ap-pears to have dreaded the growing power of the people. He began restrictive measures early in his reign. He openly violated the Constitution on several occasions. He under-took to defy the Chamber of Deputies when it refused to vote enormous supplies for the army.

authorize. The address also complains that public officers who were true to the Constitution have been punished by oppressive measures, and that the press has been persecuted when it stood forward in defence of right and justice. Other points are touched upon, but the grievances are all summed up in the declaration that "the Constitution has been violated by the Ministers." The address con-

cludes as follows:
"In the midst of this afflicting situation the The broker of Madame Heustell was, at the ime of this discovery, extremely ill, and could not be seen; but the handwriting of the entry

roices were not often made in fictitious names, and goods belonging to one person were frelector, who designated nearly all the packages of rexamination, strongly indicate a want of proper vigilance on his part." Leffingwell, the chief clerk, and others in the record bureau, in the solicitor's opinion, were culpable in permitting papers under their care to be withdrawn. The collector promptly dismissed the first opinion, with the constitutional government in that country. But he has shown such a love withdrawn. The collector promptly dismissed that the constitutional government in the country. But he has shown such a love of power, that we have no confidence that he them all. Mr. Jordan, in his investigations, to do it. The crisis is an alarming one, and the next news from Berlin may be of a very

importation of foreign merchandise are extensively, constantly, and systematically carried on. He thinks also that there is very considerable direct smuggling. The subjoined startling facts are stated in the report:

Evidence of Corruption.—As to the accessibility of many of those employed in the Custom House to corrupt influence, the evidence is a larger that the prediction of a second international prize fight have been arranged in England between the service of th INTERNATIONAL PRIZE FIGHT .- By the lates lent acts or connivance. But, in addition to this, the statements herewith submitted seem to fight Jem Mace, the present champion, for this, the statements herewith submitted seem to high feet made, the present characteristic body of subordinate officers in and about the Custom House are, in one way or another, inthe habitual receipt of emoluments from im-

Although in the acceptance of Jem Mace's challenge by an unknown, who was represented to be an American, no individual nan been paid by it to an examiner within a period of a year. VanVechten admits that he received not less than twenty-five hundred dollars per cently challenged Joe Goss. The matching of

> which will supersede in importance and public interest that of "Mace and the Unknown," although it is not for the championship of the

the English racing gentlemen and Corinthian members of the prize ring, held recently at the house of the renowned boxer, Owen Swift, in spective merits of the present school of boxers. During the discussion a well-known bookma-ker of the turf, Jack McDonald (whose name and we shall learn more definite particulars in a few days—it will cause the contest between Mace and the Unknown to sink into compara tive insignificance. Who the Unknown matched against our American representative may turn out to be, we know nothing at present.

city, who recently made a tour of the oil region of Pennsylvania, states that many of the wells which were noted last year for the flow of oil adds as his deliberate conviction, that the time is not very distant when oil will cease to be drawn from the earth by any process—that the supply will be exhausted. He thinks that the decline in production will be so rapid in these who purchase on their own account, there are sprung from such stock—themselves such "chivalry"—abide a Constitution ordained and established by "WE, THE PEOPLE?" Never. Was the pure blood of the chivalry, whose ancestors in the old world were royalists, whose ancestors in the old world were royalists, whose affects in the new world hung the patriots of 76, to flow with coolness when plebeians claimed equal privileges!

Such was the cause, such were the originators, of the great secession conspiracy against the liberties of the people, and such was their services of the people, and such was their services. The prices paid are flower than the result, and that a fever of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves at the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves at the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves at the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will break out beside which the late moves the result, and that a fiver of oil deposits have been anything but satisfactory, and the world really knows I the decline in production will be a the subject of oil deposits have been anything but satisfactory, and the world really knows I the subject except that oil flows in the result, and that a fiver of oil speculation will be a decline in production will be a decline in produc

ADDRESS OF COTTON OPERATIVES TO TH PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES .- At a meet ing of the distressed operatives of Blackburn, England, the following address was adopted: That your memorialists feel grateful for the indness and sympathy shown toward them a their present deplorable condition, and beg o express a hope that an interchange of fe ing will be productive of a further manifes tion of mutual sympathy, and they earnest pray that the civil war now, unhappily, ragin through the tree of war now, unhapping, rapide amongst you—and which your memorialists deeply lament—may come to a speedy termination in favor of freedom, regardless of race or color. The subscriptions raised in New York for the relief of Lancashire distress has done much to undeceive many who had been misled by the enemies of terreleve government as to

much to undeceive many who had been misled by the enemies of popular government as to the exact state of public feeling in the United States toward their brethren in England. In the midst of the unhappy strife, now spreading devastation and death amongst you, you have not forgotten the starving operatives of Lancashire, who are innocent sufferers. obloyment could be afforded them. This player memorialists feel convinced, would nfinitely preferable to that of sending provous for distribution by the relief committees ingland. Your memorialists are of opinion that ten thousand families might be remove rom Lancashire to America within six month from Lancashire to America within six months, if the means of transport were available, and, especially so, if a well-grounded assurance of employment could be held out. The present distress affords you a favorable opportunity of obtaining an abundant supply of every kind of labor, and which would enable you to push on an energetic development of the almost inexhaustible treasures which the Almighty has placed at your disposal. If the gentlemen who take such a laudable interest in relieving the necessitous would kindly ascertain what sort of employment could be obtained in their various localities, and, furthermore, communicate the result to the Emigration Committee formed at this meeting, a plan of emigration might thus this meeting, a plan of emigration might thu be carried out that would be wise, just, and eneficial to the working classes of Landbire. Your memorialists most respectful shire. Your memorialists most respectfully, but most urgently, entreat the favorable consideration of these suggestions, with the sincere hope that you will at once embrace the plan of emigration we propose—thus concentrate your efforts on the grand design of removing from the seat of poverty and destitution those who are auxious to east their lot and expend their labor under the protection of your free institutions.

your free institutions. Tralee (Jan. 14th) Correspondence Dublin Freeman. DISTRESS IN IRELAND.—The committee appointed at the public meeting held this day week, to adopt measures for the relief of the distress existing to such a large extent in this town, held their second meeting on the evenng of the 13th. After a long discussion, the committee came to the decision of allocating the fund which had been subscribed to the employment of the distressed laborers and artians. It was understood that the mone hould be expended either in some useful sar

should be expended either in some useful satil-tary works in the town or in some private work which would give a return. The com-mittee fixed the remuneration for the distressed employed by them at ten pence per day.

This latter resolution has given rise to much dissatisfaction among the distressed laboring classes, who are vehement in their statements that a large family of seven or eight cannot support itself on five shillings a week. The dissatisfaction among them is, indeed, so great that, this morning, a large number of laborers carried around the town a large black flag bearing the words, "Flag of distress, requir-ing either employment or charity." They called at the houses of several gentlemen and stated that ten pence a day was quite insuffi-cient. They conducted themselves, however, ient. They conducted themselves, however, nost peaceably and orderly, and, after vis Killarney and Listowel the distressed are being at present relieved.

This (14th) afternoon about six hundred of the unemployed laboring classes, men and women, paraded the streets as on yesterday,

over two thousand inmates, while the streets are filled with wretchedness unparalleled.

From New Castle, West, we learn that since the ever painfully remembered years of 1847, 48, and 49, so much and such dire distress has not been felt in this district as during the past year. The working classes are fast crowding ast miserable resource for the relief of them-elves and their families are fast wasting away from the effects of hunger and cold. In this town and neighborhood shopkeepers are closing up, the occupiers of small lots of land are disposing of their interest before the sheriff's bailiffs do so, and taking themselves and famtheir families to go to bed fasting, and others who had to dispose of their working imple-ments for the purpose of keeping themselves

out of the poor's bastile during that season of blessedness and charity. [From the (Dublin) Farmers' Gazette, Jan. 14.] That the farming classes in this country are worse off this season than they were in what are called the "famine years" is well known to all who have paid the slightest attention to the subject. Their corn crops have proved miserably deficient, their supply of potatoes hey are obtaining for their pigs are low and incremunerative. Nor have those who rely lely on grazing had much to boast of when ey balanced their transactions during the atten; disease has been prevalent to a serious et be felt from the same cause.

KENTUCKY OFFICERS COMMISSIONED. Headquarters Kentucky Volunteers, Adjutant General's Office, Frankfort, Feb. 19, 1863.

Appointments by the Governor:

Commissions issued February 18, 1863.

1st Lieutenant Wm. Arthur, company B, promoted to Captain of company B, 2d Caralry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Dember 26, 1862, vice Henry E. Collins, pro

1st Lieutenant Harvey S. Parke, company G, promoted to Captain of company G, 26 Savairy Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Jan I, 1863, vice Miller R. McCullock, killed at the Lattle of Stone River, Dec. 31, 1862. promoted to 1st Lieutenant, company B, 2 Cavalry Regiment Kentncky Volunteers, De cember 21, 1862, vice William Arthur, promo

promoted to 1st Lieutenant, company D, 2d Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, November 25, 1862, vice Charles D. Armstrong noted to 1st Lieutenant, company E, 2d Cav-lry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Novem-er 22, 1862, vice Owen Starr, promoted.

2d Lieut. John E. Stillwell, company D

alry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, 20t Jan., 1863, vice James N. Patterson, resigned 2d. Lieut. Cornelius Nall, company G, pro-noted to 1st Lieut., company G, 2d Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Jan. 1, 1863. rice Henry S. Parke, promoted.

Sergeant Major Samuel Lyon, promoted to list Lieut., company H, 2d Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Feb. 21, 1862, vice Wm. F. Hoblitzell, promoted.

1st Sergeant Edward B. Curran, promoted to 2d Lieut., company C, 2d Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Jan. 29, 1863, vice Wm. G. Jenkins, promoted.

Chas. J. Norton, company B, promoted to 2d Lieutenant, company B, 2d Cavalry Regi-ment Kentucky Volunteers, Dec. 26, 1863, vice Wm. Higgins, promoted.

1st Sergeant Wm. Bradney, company A, promoted to 2d Lieutenant, company A, 2d Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Nov. 22, 1862, vice Robert E. Pogue, promoted.

regeant Granville J. Hastings, company G, 2d Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Jan. 1, 1863, vice Cornelius Nall, promoted.

Sergeant Augustus Gurlitz, company H, 2d Cavalpromoted to 2d Lieut., company H, 2d Cavalpromoted to 2d Lieut. ry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Nov. 22, 1862, vice Geo. S. Coyle, out of service. By order of the Governor:

JOHN W. FINNELL,

Adjutant-General Ky. Vols.

COTTON YARNS-200 bags Pittsburg Eagle Cotton
Yarns in store and for sale by
GEO. C. HUNTER,
Agents for Manufacturers,
f9 d12 Main, bat. Third and Fourth sts. Desirable Residence near Lexington FOR SALE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

All necessary out-outsigns, re upon the place, one wishing to purchase a beautiful and desiramenear Lexington, could not do better than to de examine this place.

MRS. T. B. FLOURNOY. HEMP AND FLAX BRAKE.

TARMERS AND OTHERS INTERESTED IN THE Cultivation of Hemp and Flax are invited to call and examine a new Brake new in operation at the Hydraulic Foundery, corner of Washington and Floyd treets, where the undersigned will take pleasuse in whibiting it. JAMES ANDERSON, Ag'ts. [Lexington Observer and Reporter please copy and end bill to this office.] gend bill to this office.

GREEN AND BLACK TEAS—A good assortment of Green and Black Teas in store and for sale by L. EISENMAN, 19 dtf

8. E. corner Main and Genesical and State of State of Green and Black Teas in store and for sale by the state of Green and Black Teas in store and for sale by the state of Green and Black Teas in store and Genesical THE U.S. REVENUE HYDROMETER

SURVEYING TRANSITS, LEVELS, COMPASSES and CHAINS, SWISS PRAFTING INSTRUMENTS made by JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., Manufacturing Opticians, 924 Chestout street, Pailadelphia, Pa. Illustrated and priced Catalogues sent free. MAGIC LANTERNS AND DISSOLVING

M VIEW OR STEREOSCOPTION APPARATUMENT HIGH STEREOSCOPTION APPARATUMENT HIGH STEREOSCOPTION APPARATUMENT HIGH STEREOSCOPTION APPARATUMENT HIGH STEREOSCOPTION OF A SCHOOL STEREOSCOPTION OF A STEREOSCOPTION OF A SCHOOL SCHOOL STEREOSCOPTION OF A SCHOOL SCHO

TELESCOPES, OFFICERS' DOUBLE FIELD GLASSES, MI-ROSCOPES FOR ARMY HOSPITALS in great variety made by JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., Manufacturing O-ticians, 234 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. Hilustrated and priced Catalogues sent free. PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SCHOOL APPARATUS, GLOBES, AIR PUMPS, ELECTRIC MACHINES, THERMOMETERS, &c., made by JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., Manufecturing Opticians, 924 Chapter of State of Philosophic Barrier of Manufecturing Opticians,
924 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Illustrated and priced Catalogues sent free,
14 dim

Superior Farm for Sale.

I OFFER FOR SALE MY FARM, LYING ON aning 263 acres, 220 under plant ience, 140 acres set a timothy, with hay press and shed complete. This arm is well adapted to raising stock, and with be sold ow and on easy terms. Apply, on the premises, to jail dim (GEO, GONTERMAN.

HAVING BOUGHT OUT MR. JACOB KELLER'S Interest in the HIDE and TALLOW business, we solicit the patronage of the customers of the old house, and can be found at our Store-house, III Main street, south side, between First and Second. The business will be conducted under the name and style of HOLT & TAYLOR.

Mr. Wm. Maxcy will attend to the receiving of Hides and Tallow, as usual, at the Factory.

HOLT & TAYLOB. HOLT & TAYLOR.

COUNTRY BUTCHERS and DEALERS IN HIDES
and TALLOW and GREASE will do well to call
on us before selling. We will at all times give the
highest cash market price.
HOLT & TAYLOR, III Main st. TANNERS AND DEALERS IN LEATHER will find it to their interest to call on us when visiting the city.

HOLT & TAYLOR. III Main st.

Stagg's New Sugar-Cured Hams. WE HAVE ON HAND A GOOD SUPPLY OF the above well-known brand of Hams, and can supply dealers with any quantity.

123 dlm

O. W. THOMAS & CO. Office Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co., Louisville R. R. Co.,
Louisville, Jan. 22, 1863.

A LL POLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF STOCK
in this Company and interest scrip issued previous
to January, 1862, will present them at this office, where
they will be consolidated and new certificates issued
including interest and dividend.

122 dzm WILLIS RANNEY Sack

U.S. OFFICERS IN WANT OF MIL-WOULD DO WELL TO CALL AT J. L. DEP-PEN'S, northeast corner of Fourth and Market

C. COGGESHALL'S

The Best Material Now in Uso. A LL PERSONS HAVING TIN, IRON, OR COM-POSITION ROOFS will find it to their advan-tage to use COGGESHALL'S CEMENT. RAILEOAD MEN will find it to their interest to call and examine our CANVAS ROOFS. Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS TO AN-DRESS TRIMMINGS. FANCY GOODS, WORSTEDS, &c. C. J. RAIBLE, 332 Jefferson St., opposite U. S. Hotel, Fringes, Buttons, Tassels, &c.

PROPOSALS FOR ICE.

HENRY JOHNSON, M. S. K., U. S. A., BLAND & ELLIOTT'S

above-mentioned. Surgeon-General reserves to himself the righ et any or all bids that he may deem too high o

GROOFRIES. I HAVE FOR SALE ON MY FARM, five miles east of Georgetown, in Scott county, Ky, on the Paris turnpike, TEN SUPE.

RIOB JACKS FOR SALE, all dark colors from 14 to 16 hands high, from 3 to 8 years old. Will be sold at low prices, and on one, two, and three years credit, without interest. If not sold they will be farmed out for the present season.

Post-office address—Newtown, Scott co., Ky.

CHOICE W. R. ROLL BUTTER—30 packages, in whole and half bhis and boxes, received this day by TAIT, SON, & CO., 334 Main st.

MEDICAL.

LA. (ESTABLISHED IN 1850), HABAR-CHICAGO, AND PERMANANTLY LO-N OFFICE AT 86 RANDOLPH STREET ILL., for the treatment of all PRIVATE (SES.)
James cures old chronic, mercurial, syphilitic, private diseases, without Iodide Potassii, MerArsenic, or Sarsaparilla, which poisoin never r never will cure or eradicate inoculated or cutateneral diseases, but by a neutralizer, the same James used in his New Orleans practice for the RMATORRHEA, (Involuntary Emissions

n do so by stating symptoms and enclosing postag
mp for return answer, or in cases of urgency by en
sing a fee of \$5 or \$10. Medictnes will be sent by
press. Address the Doctor thus—

"D. B. JAMES, M. P.,

86 Randolph street,
Chicago, Illinois." DR. HALL'S

Louisville MEDICAL INFIRMARY, Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Venerieuc, Paris,

dos Veneriene, Paris,

Where those afficted with any form of PRIVATE DISEASE can receive from treatment without risk or exposure, viz. Sighilis, donorrhosa, Cancers, Secondary and Constitutional Sighilis, Diseases of the Kidneys, etc. By his system it is proved that the venerial complaint is as entirely under the control of medicine as is a common cold or simple fever; and while inefficient persons are daily sending away their patients in hopelessness, and giving them up only from their own tincompetency, complete Indiary.

NG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

TARRANT'S EFFERVESORNT Seltzer Aperient.

This valuable and popular Modicine has universally received the most favorable recommendations of the Madician Popular and the Public as the most efficient and AGREAUS. SALINE APERIENT. It may be used with the best effect in

Billous and Febrile Diseases, Costiveness sick Hendache, Nausen, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Addity of the Stampel, Torpidity of the Liver, Gent, R. beumatic Affections, Gravel, Pilos, And all Complaints where a Gentle and Cooling Aperient or Purgative is Required. It is particularly adapted to the wants of Travellers by Sea and Land, Residents in Hot Climates, Persons of Sedentary Habits, Invalids, and Convalescents, Captains of Vessels and Planters will find it a valua-ble addition to their Medical Chests. It is in the Serm of a Powder, carefully put up in bottles to keep in any climate, and merely requires water poured upon it to produce a delightful efferves-cent beverage.

TARRANT & CO., No. 278 Greenwich st., corner Warren st., And for sale by Druggists generally.

f ten cents. Address
DR. CHAS. A. STUART & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio

ELASTIC RODELNG, Private Medical Treatise on the Physic. logical View of Marriage. 250 Pages and 130 Fine Plain and Colored Lithographs. ME PEIOE ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.



HOG CHOLERA! The Great Remedy of the Age,

To Tobacco Manufacturers. RYMES'

PATENT RETAINERS HYDRAULIC PRESSES H AVE BEEN IN OPERATION FOR THE PAS two years for the manufacture of tobacco, and at the parties operating them testify to their great sup-

BUITS ARE STILL WANTED FOR NEW BACON HAMS-1,500 new Hams, sugar-cured, Many own curing, in store and for sale wholesale and tretail.

LEISEMMAN, 19 dtf 8. S. corner Main and Campbell sts.

CODFISH, HAEE, AND MACKEREL — A good supply always on hand at LOWEST BATES by TAIT, SON, & CO., 34 Main st.

BALTIMORE GOLDEN SIRUP—Whole and half blbs and kegs plain and extra for sale by A. BAWSON & CO., 214Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS. MARTIN & CRUMBAUGH,

Fourth street, Louisville, Ky. A RE RECEIVING A LABGE STOCK OF SPRING

SHEPHERDS' PLAIDS;
SPRING SILES AND POPLINS;
DONGOLA PLAIDS;
CHECK MOZAMBIQUES;
CHINTZES, JACON ETS. AND LAWNS;
LINENS AND TOWELLINGS;
BLEACHED AND BROWN COTTONS;
HEAVY 'JWILJ ED LINENS AND COTTONS for
Sorvants' wear: Servant's wear;
DUAKER HOOP SKIRTS;
VHITE GOODS AND HOSIEBY;
SAJOU'S KID GLOVES
MBRODERIES AND LACES;
HOURNING GOODS of every description.

THE GREAT NATIONAL SONG AND CHORUS,

The American Flag.

By WILL. S. HAYS, Author of "The Drummer Boy of Shiloh."

Price 25c. Forwarded by mail. D. P. FAULDS, 223 Main st., bet. Second and Third. Unbreakable Lamp Chimneys.

A NOTHER large lot just received. Dealers supplied.

113 b&&& WM. SKENE & OO.'S, Bullittst.

Axle Grease.
WE have a very superior article of Axle Grease for Wagons, Carts, Buggles, &c., in barrels, kegs and boxes,
fl3 boxes 'WM. SKENE & CO'S, Bullet st.

CANDLE, Lard Oil, and Coal Oil Lanterns. Deal-ers supplied. WM. SKENE & CO.'8, Bullitt st. COAL OIL LAMPS of all kinds. A very large as-Nortment. WM. SKENE & CO.'S, Bullitt gt.

MOORE'S CELEBRATED

100 bales in store and for sale by

S. B. McGILL, 307 Green street. fé bæjlm KENTUCKY EATING HOUSE,

B. R. WARNER, Proprietor, 503 and 505 Jefferson st., opposite Court House. WARM MEALS AT ALL HOURS AT 25 CENTS PER MEAL.

This establishment is ready to accommodate the largest number of customers in the lowest rate with the best the market affords. The proprietor will do all that he can to enable his friends to enoy themselves. The Magic Ruffle Fluting Iron.

THIS IRON IS SELF-HEATING AND WORKED by the foot. The operator has both hands for the constant manipulation of the ruffle, and is enabled to flute it with great case, rapidity, and with per fection. For sale only at CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS'S CHEARLES F. RAUCHFUSS'S Cheap Lace Store, 309 Fourth st. BLACK AND BROWN FUR HATS FOR Ir en and boys.—A large stock on hand and ready for our retail sales.

PRATHER & SMITH,

j31j&b 429 Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTH, PLUSH, AND VELVET CAPS of all the diff rent styles and qualities for sale cheap for cash at PRATHER & SMITH'S, 131 1&b 429 Main st. LADIES', MISSES', and CHILDRENS'
FANCY FURS—A good assortment, em-

bracing fine, medium, and low prices of the cities, on hand and for sale very cheep at FRATHER & SMITH'S, 429 Main St. SUPER MOLESKIN AND CAS:IMERE HATS of our own manufacture, winter style, at PRATHER & SMITH'S, j31 J&b WALKER'S EXCHANGE

Hotel and Restaurant. THE PROPRIETORS HAVE, IN ADDITION TO their Restaurant, fitted up BED-ROOMS for the accommodation of their friends and the public score with all the luxuries of the season, and at the Bar will be found the choicest Wines, L. quors, and Chards, J. CAWEIN & CO.; j27 j&b Third st., between Main and Market.

Pargny's Restaurant BEOPENING AND BEDUCTION IN PRICES COMMODIOUS LADIES' SALOON.

SHELL OYSTERS At the St. Charles Restaurant. We have just received, and will receive daily fro date, the finest of oysters in the shell procurable in the Eastern markets. Our Restaurant is also constantly supplied with all delicacies of the Season, all of which we serve up in our Restaurant or sent to an part of the City in a style that cannot be surpassed.

C. C. BUFER & CO., Proprietors.

Sole Agents of the celebrated DAYTON ALE at PORTEN.

THIS VALUABLE IMPROVEMENT, DESIGNED to supersede the use of the ordinary force and lift pump, is indispensable for Steamboats, Mills, Distilleries, Breweries, Tameries, Water-Stations for Rall-roads, &c., tor, having no values or other working parts, they cannot wear out, freeze, or get out of order in any way. They will draw water to any height under 32 feet with less expense than the same quantity can be drawn in the same time by any other pump now in use. One can be seen in operation at the Hydraulic Foundery, corner of Washington and Floyd streets, where an assortment will always be kept on hand by f13 dlm.

E. BARBAROUX, Agent.

GEO. W. SMALL, 327 Main street, between Third and Fourth, 3 doors west of the Bank of Louisville, IS THIS DAY IN RECEIPT OF ANOTHER CARPETS,

OIL-CLOTHS. CURTAIN MATERIALS, HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, ll of which will be sold very low for CASH ONLY.

Paymasters, Attention!

A NEW ARMY PAY TABLE, the most complete published; Regimental, Cavalry, Artillery, and infautry Tables, including ever thing necessary for Paymasters, and valuable to Officers and Soldiers. Price \$3. A liberal discount to dealers.

New Version on the Gospels. ORMING the first volume of the American Bible Union's issue of the New Testament. A beautiful olume. Price 35c. By Mail 40c. Special terms made ith Congregations and Sun'ay Schools. L. A. CIVILL, 43 Main st BRAITHWAITE'S RETROSPECT for January, 1863. L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main st. GOLDEN SIRUP—Golden and Extra Golden Sirup, in whole and half bbls and kegs, in store and for sale by [f20] JAMES TODD. BLACK PEPPER-50 bags received by Jefferson-ville Railroad and for sale by JAMES TODD.

(206) Old and New Whisky.

1,000 BBLS FROM ONE TO EIGHT YEARS old superior copper distilled Kentucky Whisky in store and for sale by W. H. WALKER & CO.

(206) Sundries.
100 DOZEN BRANDY PEACHES;
20 gross Ink;
20 gross Mason's Blacking;
60 dozen fine Turkish Smoking Tobacco;
Catchup, Mustard, &c.;
In store and for sale by
119 W. H. WALKER & CO. W. H. WALKER & CO.

COFFEE650 bags good to prime Rio;
150 mats old Java; for sale by
A. RAWSON & CO.,
fig 214 Main st., bet. Second and Third. CUTLERS' SUPPLIES-We have in store and are rade at LOW RATES. Call and see. fl9 TAIT, SON, & CO., 334 Main st. CHEESE—400 boxes W. R., Hamburg, and Dairy in store and for sale by TAIT, SON. & CO., 234 Main st. SUGAR-CURED HAMS, MUTTON HAMS, SU-gar-cured Dried Beef Tongues, Pigs' Tongues, and Bologna Sausage. A large stock just received and for sale by

TAIT, SON, & CO., 334 Main st.

tions, 2 00 additional square one half the above rates. ts, For Sale or Rent, for Hire, and such noti

GEO. D. PRENTICE, Editors.
PAUL R. SHIPMAN, Editors.
OLIVER LUCAS, Local Editor & Reporte SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1863.

UNION CONVENTION At a meeting of the Union members of the Legislature, in the House of Representatives, on Monday evening, Feb. 16th, 1863, on motion, Hon. Joseph Underwood was called to the

After a free and full consultation, it is recville, on the 18th day of March next, and nominate suitable persons as candidates to fill the various State offices, to be chosen at the next August election. It is further recommended that the people meet, at some convenient time and place, in their respective counties, and appoint delegates to represent them in the convention. J. R. UNDERWOOD, Ch'm'n.

Not long ago the organs of the rebe Government at Richmond proclaimed with open and fierce exultation, that, when the necessarily happen in the event of a separa tion between the North and the South. The whole country understands the case perfectly The several States of the Union, as distinknow that our people, so long as they have

may well ask whether affairs in the South would be any better. Surely they would not unless the Southern States should attempt to guard against the danger by the prompt establishment of a tyranny or a despotism, and every man can judge for himself whether this would be better. The transition from the present condition of things in the South to a despotism would be exceedingly easy if indeed it could be called a transition, but there is no probability that the people of the South, highspirited as they are, would submit permanently or for any great length of time to such a des potism. They might accept a despotism for a brief period as a defence against their Northern neighbors or as a protection against secession, but they would soon rebel against it unless this terrible rebellion has crushed all the olden memories and all the olden spirit from their souls. The whole war on their part is founded and waged upon the very principle of the right of secession. Secession is its foundation-stone, its corner-stone, and its key-stone. Secession is its heart, its brain: its blood, its life. Thus the Southern Confederacy would very soon, like the Northern Confederacy, be broken up into poor little nationalities, and in the South, as in the North, all public debts, like all private debts, would be repudiated, and universal bankruptcy and an endless series of miserable wars would be the fate of both lands. How can either the

South or the North contemplate the picture without horror? We hope our young men of Kentucky, who still entertain any desire to join the Conlerate army and aid in the efforts to devastate and subjugate their native State, will reference to the disagreements of Generals Bragg and Breckinridge. The recreant Kentuckians under the command of the once idolabolitionists propose to use the negroes, put, when enlisted, into the most dangerous posinot as a compliment to their gallantry, but as and distrusted by Bragg. If there is any spark of the old pride and honor yet remaining, they would certainly not consent to such humiliation, but would throw down their arms and return to their allegiance. But we fear that they are joined to their idols, and not even tucky because of the loyal attitude she has maintained, and they will visit that malignant feeling upon their deluded dupes rather than permit the State to escape the scourge of the

and the rebel Congress will not yet agree upon better concert of action. Can Satan stand if

The delays at Vicksburg, Murfreesporo, and Fredericksburg are mere commas and semicolons in the war. We trust that our brave armies will put a full stop to it be-

All the important facts of the Vicksurg affair are not yet known to the public. Congress has been so dilatory in acting upon Gen. Sherman's movement on Vicksburg was the request of newspaper and book publishers not contemplated as the great Mississippi Ex- to reduce the very disproportionate duty on edition. Gen. Grant was at Oxford, his advance at Coffeeville. Sherman had three di- tirely off from a very large revenue. The visions from Memphis with which he crossed duty of 35 per cent is of course a prohibitor; the Tallahatchie at Wyatt and was to his west one, while the paper-manufacturers impo at Oxford. The enemy having fallen back of their rags duty free, and have put their price ily organize an expedition down the Missisippi and up the Yazoo, to operate on the railonly five days in Memphis, but boats could not

which delayed him till the 22d. On the 24th ne was at Milliken's Bend, and sent a brigade Burbridge's) which completely demolished the Shreveport Railroad across the bayou Tensas and Macon, thus cutting off all supplied rom the west. Arriving at the mouth of Yazoo he 25th, he found that Vicksburg, ten mile

orce, embracing more than half his entire ommand, was driven back. He staid there in the swamp two more days skirmishing and preparing for a new attempt, but saw that April, 1861, the Journal's files quoted then ur forces would have to storm a series of prepared works all the way up the hill, and they were not equal to it. Besides Grant could not be heard of, nor Banks who was ascending the river. Gen. S. was then with less than 30,000 men to do the work of three separate columns, each stronger than nis own, and he had good reason to believe the enemy had 60,000. At all events 10,000 mer in the works at Vicksburg could have held our men at bay. Gen. Sherman then offered o storm the fort at Haine's Bluff, where on gunboat had been blown up by a torpedo, and another, the best in the fleet, roughly handled, killing poor Gwinn, one of the finest officers the expedition too hazardous. Gen. McCler superior officer, and brought the first positive news that Gen. Grant was not moving south,

last there were no operating cause to effect a rise in paper or rags, but the paper-maker have persevered, under such circumstance continued to raise the prices without a solitary would have been utter ruin to the whole com reason to assign for it, and in two months the went up one to two hundred per cent. In th meantime, no source of supply of rags has been cut off, but the importation has increased while the demand for paper has fallen off full one-third. The Journal of Commerce shows how shamefully the public are taxed million of dollars per annum to fill the pockets of the combiners in this movement. It says the imports of rags at the port of New York for the year 1861 was \$374,075; and for the year 862, \$285,926; and for the year 1863, up t February 6, one month and six days, \$275,963 this last thirty-seven days' imports being an amount nearly equal to the total imports at private debts existing in the land. Ev- of newspaper scribblers who always eulogize New York for the whole year 1862! At the mestic rags has progressed with enormous su cess. The quantity of rags on hand at the three millions of dollars' worth. For all paper makers agree that the home supply is five times the imports, in ordinary years. But is the paper market down in consequence of this glut of stock? No, it remains up, and, except for the slight falling off occasioned by the ap prehension of Congressional action, the would have been no decline. And why this? Simply because the men who put it up hold it up. They control the market. On no other principle of commercial rules can any one explain this astonishing importation and increase of home supply, with a largely decreased consumption, and yet high prices

> Again, the duties on bleaching powders, hemicals, and other materials are very tri ling, and will not affect the cost of paper on per cent, and when the high price of labor is urged, it is replied that with all the rags imported duty free the paper-maker still has perfect protection against loss on labor by the high rate of exchange, and will always have it till he puts up the price of labor exactly as high as exchange goes, but no one has yet advanced his laborers seventy per cent. As to the effect of all this on the public pocket, the Journal has taken pains to obtain trustworthy stimates of the single item of school book and the following facts may be relied on: On cheap school books, bound in board made from paper stock), the actual increase in he cost of the book is about 33 1-3 per cent on expensive school books, printed on fine pa

er, the increase of cost is 75 per cent. Let u One well-known firm in this city publishe Davies's School Arithmetic, of which the sales are 100,000 copies per annum, at 30 cents per copy wholesale. The increased cost is seven ents per copy, making a tax of \$7,000 per anum on this single book.

Davies's Mathematical Dictionary is a more

xpensive book, on which the increased cost i eventy-five cents per copy. We speak of the mple cost of producing the books. There are some spelling-books which sell learly a million of copies per annum. The acreased cost of such a book, formerly selling t 20 cents a copy, would be \$70,000.

It is perfectly safe to estimate the annua les of school books in this country at \$5,000. one so the school books in this country at \$5,000,000. Of these the expense is perhaps equally divided between the higher priced books and the cheaper class. But if we average the increased cost at only forty per cent, we have \$2,000,000 additional cost imposed on the country. If the paper-makers are not limited by a possibility of importation of paper at fair this amount to \$4,000,000 next year.

And this is in the single item of school books.

When we add to this the vast publications of general reading matter, history, biography, tracts, religious books, in short the flood of

terature which has been the distinguishing nate the additional expenses of the nation 0,000,000, equal in fact to the full am f capital which the paper-makers claim is in-ested in their business! If to this we add ne newspaper and periodical publications one day, the paper-makers will increase their tal back again in a year or eightee

Another significant fact is noticed by the ournal of Commerce, which is that while the rices of paper have advanced enormously in America, they remain unchanged in Europe which proves conclusively that the paper-ma kers are realizing an enormous profit from their combination. Will not Congress under these circumstances act before the adjournment? The people ask it and they should not

Gen. Butler, it seems, is about to take an important command, but not in New Orwas in his military and civil chair in that city. We hope he will. One thing is certain-he

John Van Buren, who, in a well-known mond should be taken, and that then the rebels should be permitted to establish their ngately in the fighting line, but please tell Confederacy if still desirous of doing so, has now decided, in view of recent intelligence from the rebel capital, that the war ought b telegraph. And say on what day you will all means to be vigorously prosecuted till the Union shall be restored.

We can assure the rebels that

FOR SALE,

We confess to no little surprise that

paper, which now cuts the Government en-

which they were previously abundantly sug

plied, and the result is that the people are

enormously taxed, through every source o

education and information, while a large part

of the ordinary sources of public knowledge

are wholly cut off. Our contemporary cite

some facts to show the course this matter has

taken. The breaking out of the rebellion cut

off the Southern sources of supply, but thi

produced no effect on the price of rags, for it

3 to 71/2, while on Nov. 6, 1862, the quotation

were only 31/4 to 73/4. But since the latter dat

no quotations have been made, for the Paper

makers' Combination was formed and from

that time the sales of rags were at just what

prices the paper-makers chose to put them a

and pay for them. They did not form their

ssociation because of any increase in the

price. The increase followed instead of pre

ceding their resolution to put up the price of

paper! Rags have been sold at various price

since that time; but when a paper-make

agrees to pay 11 cents for rags and pay in pa

per at 23 cents a pound, we cannot quote either

price as a market value. No one has been

Another important fact known to all pub

ishers is that the war has diminished instead

of increased the price of paper. In November

ber last, for this among other reasons.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO., Commission Merchants AND BANKERS,

NOTICE.

cent interest on Deposits for a specified time and our per cent on those subject to ten days' notice of A. BLAND, Banker, No. 403 Main street

Southern Bank Rotes WANTED. Tonnessee, South Carolina,

Alabama, and Louisiana BANK NOTES A. BLAND, Banker.

Georgia,

I WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET RATE

A. BLAND, Banker, ianl6 dtf L. B. GREEN

GREEN & GREEN. NASHVILLE, LOUISVILLE,

AT RETAIL Particular attention given to styles and qualitie and all goods warranted as represented.

Shirts Made to Order. BUTLINEN, MUSLIN, AND WOOLLEN SHIRTS A COMPLETE STOCK OF MILITARY HATS & CAPS ALWAYS ON HAND.

DRESS AND CASSIMERE HATS. MEN'S AND BOYS' FELT HATS,

PRATHER & SMITH'S.

CLOTH CAPS

I. O. O. F.
THE MEMBERS OF CORINTHIA
Lodge, No. 74, 1. O. O. F., will meet
Odd Fellows' Hall THIS MORNIN in good standing are invited to attend

Horse for Sale.

BOARDING.
WO GENTLEMEN CAN HAVE A LARGE BACK
parlor bed room within one square of the Post-ofb. Apply at this office. A Dwelling for Rent.

A NEAT AND COMMODIOUS DWEL ling, centrally located, can be rented on rea lill sonable terms, if the family renting will boars will a gentleman and wife, two children, and a se. Househeld furniture can be bought if desired ddress Box 648, Postoflice. Great Bargain in Land.

for further particulars apply on the premises, or f21 dtM10* T. D.: GEOGHEGAN, West Point, Ky.

A RARE CHANCE FOR MILLINERS

WILL BE SOLD AT COST THE ENTIRE STOCK of Millinery and Fancy Goods on Fourth street between Green and Walnut. Those wishing to engage in the above business will find it to their advantage it call and examine for thomselves. Fixtures for sale and store for rent. f2ld6* E. CLUFF. Strayed or Stolen,

hall place with the paid for his deliver, able on Seventh and Market streets. A. HILL.

TOHN N. COLLINS, AGENT FOR G. G. CAVVILI

L. CASS FORSYTH, Capt. and A. Q. M. NOTICE TO COAL DEALERS. CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 20, 1863. PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THY office until 12 M. on the 5th of March, 1863, furnishing Coal to Steamers under charter by the

will be binding, and will be binding, and ed separately.

a made on receipt by the captain of the the captain of

given in detail.

The cost to be delivered before the 31st of March.
1863. Contractors will please give full name and postoffice address.

Capt. & A. Q. M.

Capt. & A. Q. M. DALTIMORE SIRUP-20 bbls Extra just receive GARDNER & CO.

THE NEW ENGLAND INSURANCE,

OF BOSTON. 82,350,000 Policies issued and losses promptly adjusted by J. L. DANFORTH, Agent.

APRIL ELECTION.

Colt's Army Pistols; It's Navy Pistols: Police Pistols; Loore's 7-shot Pistols; ranter's Fine Pistols; Double Shot Guns; Eley's E. B. and Colt's Caps;

Fishing Tackle; f20 d3m SPRING WHEAT.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, NEW YORK, February 1, 180 225 Main st., bet. Second and Third. 225

> HARRY I. SPOTTS. LOUISVILLE

Corner Market and Fourth sts.,

S NOW RECEIVING-

EMBROIDERED GRENADINES COLORED LUSTERS; SHEPHERDS' PLAIDS; CHECKED POPLINS; ORGANDIES AND JACONETS: PRINTED LINEN LAWNS; OSIERY; LACE MITTS: PRINTS AND CHINTZES; BOYS' WEAR in great variety; IRISH AND PILLOW LINENS; BLEACHED AND BROWN COTTONS; PLAID COTTONS; PLANTATION COTTONADES;

For Sale for Cash Only G. B. TABB.

CALENA LEAD-200 pigs in store and for sale LAWRENCE & BRO.,

BAR LEAD-In any quantity always in store LAWRENCE & BRO ery variety, Curtis & Harvey's English Can wder, &c. LAWRENCE & BRO f2l dl* No. 50, Main street, Cincium

PINE TEAS—

10 half chests fine Green Tea;

10 half chests fine Green Tea;

11 Black

12 Black

13 HIBBITT & SUN. UNDRIES—Cotton Yarns (Nos. 59), 600, and 700 Batring, Grass and Hemp Rope (various sizes Bed-Cord, Twine, &c., for sale by HIBBITT & SON.

SOAPS—
So boxes Werk's German Soap;
Fancy Toilet Soap; for cale by
HIBBITT & SON. 2 boxes n stere and for sale by

GARDNER & CO COMPLETE STOCK OF CLOTHING!

J. M. ARMSTRONG, Main street, opposite the National Hote NOW PREPARED TOEXHIBIT A MOST BEA

uits, Over-Coats, &c.
ARMSTRONG'S,
Corner Fourth and Main

For Sale Cheap: FEET OF GROUND on First street, between Main street and the wharf;
FEET OF GROUND on Water street, between HENRY L. POPE, At the Mechanics' Bank

fersonville, wen timbered. These two tracts of a be had at a bargain by applying to JAMES F. DRAKE, General Real Estate Agent All Soldiers absent from the Kanawha

P. P. LANE, Col. 11th Reg to V. I STOLEN,

UT OF A ROOM AT THE GALT HOUSE, (
the morning of the 28th of January, one sm
GAR BOX, containing Jewelry, amongst while
the following articles: One Gentleman's Diamo
n, one Opal set out of a Diamond ring, one ple

SEED OATS.

1,000 BUSHELS PRIME NORTHERN for place of the policy of the WISHING TO BORROW FROM \$5,000 TO \$8,00 for a term of years, say from three to five, are to secure the same by mortgage on real estate, with

POTATOES FOR SALE. CHOICE LOT of MERCER AND NESHANOC Seed Potatoes. W. H. CRUTCHER, fl9 d4 625 Main st. 2 CASKS BAY RUM for sale by EDW. WILDER, 514 Main st.

SUNDRIES ON CONSIGNMENT— 100 boxes Cincinnati starch; 75 " Mold Candles; 200 "Essence Coffee; 500 lbs. Killikinick Smoking Tobacco; 25 boxes Union "do: 25 boxes Union do; 25 "Chewing Tobacco (assorted brands); 100 bbls. Cider Vinegar; 75 Mess and prime Beef; 500 superior canyased Hams;

SUNDRIES—
10 gross Barry's Tricopherous;
5 do Brown's Troches;
10 do Spaulding's Glue;
5 do Wood's Hair Restorative;
10 do Radway's Relief;
30 do Brandreth's Pills;
50 do Mustang Liniment, for sale by
f16

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main st.

Fire, Inland, and Life. HOME INSURANCE COMPANY METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO.8380.000 PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INS. CO.
Net Assets OF BHODE ISLAND. SPRINGFIELD INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MASSACHUSETIS. MASSASOIT INSURANCE COMPANY CHARTER OAK INSURANCE COMPANY NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO.

PISTOLS Smith & Wesson's Pistols, large Smith & Wesson's Pistols, small

JOSEPH GRIFFITH & SON

Green street, between Eighth and Ninth, LOUISVILLE, KY.

ntly on hand a large assortment of SILLS, LINTELS, &c. S, VAULTS, MANTLES, MARBLE

against said W. F. Harper. J. W. COMBS, S. W. C.

Teachers' Examination. Vard School building, on Chestnut street, between econd and Third, on THURSDAY MORNING, Feb 5, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Administrator's Sale OF VALUABLE NEGROES AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On THURSDAY, Feb. 25, 1863, a Administrator of E. C. Payne, deceased, I will sell a women, and children; Stock, and a large amouther valuable personal property. Terms made k and day of sale.

JAMES D. HARBISO!
Adm'r of E. C. Payne, de Shelby co., Ky., Feb. 16, 1863.—46

Steamboat for Sale. A STERN-WHEEL BOAT, 200 to stand of the standard of the standa

For Sale.

40 OR 50 LARGE, WELL-BROKE,
AGED MULES. Apply to
J. H. DENNIS,
Corner Twelfth and Main sts. Por Sale,

ONE SUTLERS' TENT, almost new. Apply to MOORHEAD & CO., till Wall st.

WILL BE PAID FOR THE RECOVERY OF BBLS GREASE, marked D, Pittsburgh, whi was stolen from the steamer Shenango on the 25th de was stolen from the steamer than a configuration of January, 1863, by some draymae.

MOORHEAD & CO., 116 Wall st.

To the Boot and Shoemakers of Louisville. AN ADVERTISEMENT FROM MESSES. ZIM. MERMAN & BARTELS, calling for twenty and fiften journeymen respectively, has appeared in the Jerman newspapers, offering the highest wages for workingen. Now, the facts of the case are, they have PRESIDENT OF THE CORDWAINERS' SOCIETY.

SAPLIN CLOVER! SAPLIN CLOVER 40 BUSHELS just received and for sale by J. D. BONDURANT. BOARDING. A LARGE FRONT ROOM AND GOOD BOARI in a private family can be obtained by addressing Drawer 48, Louisville P. O.

RECEIVED THIS DAY

Entirely New Style

C.T.MERRIMAN NATIONAL HOTEL, FOURTH STREET.

TO KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE, AND INDIANA MERCHANTS. 1863. SPRING TRADE. 1863 Wholesale Exclusively to Merchants CULBERTSON & SON New Albany, Indiana Foreign and Domestic Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS, NOTIONS

Boots, Shoes, Hats, WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED OUR FIRST Ty Spring rurchase of seasonable Goods, which recry heavy, varied, and desirable, embracing the aple and durable, together with the fancy and fin-

Best brands Double Anchor BoltingCloths ALWAYS ON HAND.

STOrders carefully and promptly filled.

ST Goods delivered at the Louisville and Nashville
Railroad Depot and on board the packet boats free or fl6 dislm* CULBERTSON & SON. FLOUR SACKS-500 half bbl Flour Sacks in store r sale by DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st. JAVA COFFEE—A choice article old Government Java Coffee in store and for sale by fly d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Markstst. fly d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st. A LICANT MATS-10 dozen medium size Alicant Mats in store and for sale by fig d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

GEO. C. HUNTER,

CARTER & BROTHER,

FOR SALE OR RENT.

For Sale-A Good Business Corner

J. B. WHITMAN, Real Estate Ag't No. 411 Main

Corner Main and Sixth streets, Louisville, Ky.

WE HAVE NOW AND WILL CONTINUE TO KEEP ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED stock of STAPLE and FANCY DBY GOODS and NOTIONS suited to the season, which we will sell as low. CARTER & BROTHER.

WANTED. Wanted,
white Woman as NURSE, who can bo
plain sewing. Apply to Mrs. DuPont, Walnut
t, between Third and Fourth, south side.

TWO TWO-STORY OPEN-FRONT BRICE
BUILDINGS, southwest corner Market and
III Fifteenth streets, near the lower market, wi Shelby Land.

FOR SALE—TWO HUNDRED AND seventy acres of first-rate Shelby LAND—fifty acres well timbered situated 3½ miles from Shelbyville, on a good turnpike road, tis well improved and very desirable. Greenbacks tis well improved and very desirable. Situation Wanted.

5.000 Horses Wanted E. A. SMITH. WANTED-("600,000") MORE AGENTS

YY for the sale of the History of

THE GREAT REBELLION,
By Hon. J. T. HEADLEY, published in both English
and German, splendidly illustrated, to be complete in
two royal octavo volumes elegantly bound. It is having a sale never before equalled. For terms, etc.,
bleace addrags immediately. se address immediately C. M. DUNN & CO., Publishers, No. 42 Fourth st., corner Walnut, Cinninnati, Ohi Gonorrhæa, Gleets, Whites, Strictures

f 30c. A rare chance offered to Agents at Address ASHER & CO., 407 Main st., between Fifth, Louisville, Ky.

For Sale,
A WAGON AND HARNESS AND TWO GOOD
W.C. Mile's Livery Stable, on Main street, between
Brook and Floyd.

STALLIONS FOR SALE.

\$20 Reward.

STOLEN FROM MY SIABLE, ONE MILE from Lebanon, Ky., on Saturday night, the bout 15 hands high, square built, with marks of hardens, about 7 years old; paces very sell marks of harden may have how?

TWO LIVER COLORED POINTERS strayed from my house on the 15th. They were chained together. A liberal reward will be paid for their return. R. W. BUSH.

T. R. WARREN,

GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENT Washington, D.C., DEING ASSOCIATED WITH EMINENT COUN-SEL (RICH D S. COXE, Esq.) prosecutes Claims WAR DEPARTMENT in its various bureaus

825 Acres Christian County Tobacco

'Hyatt & Hornor" Mines,

COTTON SEED. 5 BAGS TENNE SEE for sale by PITKIN, WIARD, & CO. PLOUGHS.

); for sale by PITKIN, WIARD, & CO. GROCERIES.

4 bbls Crushed do;
5 bbls Granulated do;
0 bbls N. Y. Sirup do;
0 bbls N. Y. Sirup do;
0 ½do do do do;
5 kegs do do do;
5 chests Gunpowder Tea;
0 matted boxes do do;
0 half chests Black do;
0 casks Bicarb. Soda; 50 boxes do do, 10 papers;
500 kegs Wheeling Nails;
100 boxes W. R. Cheese;
100 coils Manilla Rope;
50 cases Baltimore Cove Oysters;
20 do 44 and 45 boxes Sardines;
100 boxes Layer and M. R. Raisins;
10 bbls Wagon Tar;
10 bbls Wagon Tar;
110 boxes La and 2 gallon) Wagon Tar;
110 for and to arrive. LANE & BARTLETT,
10 dislm

For Soldiers

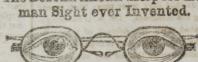
AT REDUCED PRICES. American Watches for Americans I

they have lately issued a new style of Watch expressly designed for Soldiers and others who desire a good watch at a moderate price. These watches are in-British and Swiss manufacture with which the co try is flooded, and which were never expected to keep time when they were made, being refuse manufactures sent to this country because unsalable at home and

We offer to sell our Watch, which is of THE MOST ng pattern, at as low a price as is asked for the trashy We have named the new series of Watches WM. ELLERY, Boston, Mass., which name will be found on the plate of every watch of this manufacture, and is one of our trade-marks.

Sold by all respectable Watch Dealers in the loyal

Wholesale orders should be addressed to ROBBINS & APPLETON, Agents for the American Watch Company, j15 eodis2m 182 BROADWAY, N. Y. The Best Artificial Help for Hu-





E. SINCERY. Practical Optician. MAIN ST.; NDER NATIONAL HOTEL, SPEERO DAL SPECTACLES, The latest and most approved Lens yet invented,

Sy Superior Op ical, Mathematical, and Physical

F.H. GIBSON, Apothecary,

netruments.

EW Artificial Ey : incerted without causing pain.

payle cod

LOUISVILLE, KY. Pure and fresh Medicines, Chemicals, Drugs, &c.; Choice Toilet and Fancy Articles; Fine and pure Liquors for Medicinal pure poses, &c.; Fine Tobacco a d Cigara.

for the Lincoln proclamation.

PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE.

Chair, and John B. Bruner appointed Secretary. ommended to the Union Democracy of Kentucky that they assemble in convention, through their delegates, in the city of Louis-

JOHN B. BRUNER, Sec'y. Union should be divided, the States now acknowledging allegiance to the Federal Government would, within a very brief period. nationalities. Those organs were not misguished from the Southern Confederacy, know that they could not or would not remain totion it among themselves, and, even if they could, they would not be able, reduced as they its repudiation would be followed immediatealone and profess the most utter astonishment that they are not let alone, must assuredly

carefully consider the recent intelligence in ized John C. Breckinridge are used as the tion of politicians or political Editors of radical tions and exposed to almost certain death, over the bitterest articles which the Southern papers produce, and they will begin to learn a punishment because they are Kentuckians that the heart of the radicals is with the encmies of the Union. We have long ago ceased to hear either Northern or Southern radicals their opprobrious treatment by Bragg will open gather their forces and act as one body, whattheir eyes to the fact that the rebels hate Ken- ever their political party names, and we shall

us how you are getting on in the horse line

fore long. The abolitionists have a great deal to

break up into at least three or four distinct in the navy. But Admiral Porter considered able to quote the price of rags since Novem taken in their opinion as to what would nand arrived at that time, Gen. Sherman's gether after the establishment of the inde- mand. Gen. S. drew it off without loss, cut up into several Powers, nominally inde- posed the expedition to Arkansas Post, which pendent of each other, and the whole of the was on our rear and flank, and from which

pendence of the South. They would soon be great national debt would forever remain unpaid, for the various Powers could not partiwould be to a condition of destitution and insignificance, to pay any portion of it. The entire national debt would be repudiated, and ly by the repudiation of nineteen-twentieths and probably the whole of the that he should be singled out thus by a parcel ern mind must of course see that the States of the Union, the loyal States, are not fighting, as is often alleged, for the mere conquest of the Southern States, but fighting in effect for their own existence, fighting for everything that men hold dear, fighting to save themselves from as wretched a fate as ever befel any people on earth, fighting to keep themselves from becoming the pity and the scorn of even the poorest and pettiest com munities of all the world. Now the Southern authorities, who call out so loudly to be let

muscles to strike with, will never consent to be reduced to such a state of wretchedness and degradation as dissolution would inevitably bring upon them. They would be fools, idiots, lunatics, if they should consent to it, There never was a clearer and more unques tionable case of self-defence against annihila tion than that which the great armies of the Union are now waging. We have here spoken of the events, which, if the Union should be permanently dissolved, would follow in the States now loyal, but we

very well, and we sincerely rejoice at it. But were cutting the wires to prevent any desthere is no certainty that the rebel President | patches from going. You should establish acy as a retaliation he be divided against him We know, Jonny, that you have done noth-

the Yallabusha, Sherman and his officers plan- up to the most unnecessary and exorbitation ned a new move. He was to go to Memphis rates. The Government is now a publisher with one of his three divisions and there hast- and could save a quarter million of dollars on the paper it consumes for printing. If the duty were reduced to ten per cent it would afford our paper-makers protection against oad supplying Vicksburg. He was allowed foreign competition as long as they were satisfied with legitimate profits. The unanimous e collected. So he was two more days, but ne left Memphis hastily on the 20th of Decemdemand of the press of the country ought to have great weight with Congress, but we have per. At Helena he picked up Steel's division, bserved a morbid apprehension in some qua ers that to accede to the wishes of newspape publishers would render legislators liable to a uspicion of being actuated by a desire to aid the potent "third estate" of the country. This s simply ridiculous, when the Federal treasury will be as greatly benefited by the change as the proprietors of papers. It is not a favor, however, but simply justice that is asked, and the New York Journal of Commerc states the question forcibly and plainly when it says the interest of the Government and of every individual citizen is concerned in the proposal to reduce the tariff on paper. A small number of paper manufacturers have by dexterous combination succeeded in raising

below, could not be passed by gunboats, and that gunboats could not ascend the Yazoo bove the first high land at Haine's Bluff, so nat there was no point on the Mississippi side disambark his command except on Yazoo sland, ten miles up the Yazoo, from which several intricate swamp roads led into Vicksourg in a distance of seven miles. Our forces scended the Yazoo December 26, got ashore y noon next day, and engaged the enemy's the price of paper and the price of rags with same evening. The next day, after reconnoi ring all night, Gen. Sherman attempted t orce a passage over the bayou at the foot of the Walnut hills at three separate places, and lid actually cross at one of them, but the enmy's preparations were too strong, and the

ickets on four separate roads or paths the

out, on the contrary, had fallen back of the Tallahatchie-indeed, as far as Lagrange. To

haste, or the least confusion. He then pro the enemy had already attacked one of our oats carrying ammunition and a mail. Gen. Sherman took McClernand to see Admiral Porter, and got him to co-operate, and finally led the expedition. The troops under Sher man did the work. Yet he now sees his name paraded in the papers as mad, insane, and everything else. The facts as here stated are known to thousands, and it is a little hard first to rejoice at getting out of a bad scrape, and that would have conveyed to the enemy the foreknowledge of the move on the Post of Arkansas if a hint had been dropped. Mc-Clernand was very recently at the Federal camp before Vicksburg, and our forces landed on the west bank of the Mississippi, working

will fail, or, if successful, will leave the enemy the heights at Warrenton, as good as Vicksburg, below the mouth of the canal. Our forces cannot reach the enemy from this side. Grant is also at the camp before Vicksburg and, to reach the city, he must pursue th very same route Sherman did, or assault Vicksburg in front, or Haine's Bluff, with our men afloat in Mississippi steamboats, which can be sunk by a six-pound shot. There is no maintained. loubt the enemy has at least one hundred neavy guns in position, besides an equal numper in field batteries, which can be run where-

ever they please. Well-informed military men think Vicksburg is stronger and more difficult of approach than Richmond. We are sorry to say we are not anticipating success at that point. Vicksburg will have to be besieged, and the Federal Government ought to make its arrangements for a six months' siege at least, providing reinforcements to fill vacan cies caused by sickness, securing its line of operations, and establishing depots, before landing the army. Communications should be opened both above and below.

There is a certain fact which is significant as well as curious. Whenever the Richmond papers publish articles ferociously opposed to all ideas of peace and union, as the New York Journal of Commerce says, the Northern radical papers give them conspicuous insertion, and write exulting editorials directing attention to them, and rejoicing over them. Nothing seems to give greater comfort to a radical Editor than the fire-eating denunciations of the Union which the South ern radical papers publish. The feelings of both classes evidently coincide. The system of lending mutual aid and comfort is well kept up. It is so plain now as to require no proof that Northern abolitionism has all along been the close ally of Southern secession. The reader has not forgotten the celebrated Syra-

cuse abolitionist resolutions calling for the

and the poultry business. Please answer by

meet us on the railroad. Love to Dixie.

Wendell Phillips says that "the nigg

opening of a correspondence with Southern lisunionists to endeavor to establish a mutual system of operations. Will some of our Syracuse friends let us know who were the prominent men in that meeting? If we mistake not, some of them will be found high in favor with the radical party of to-day. There will be no peace in this country till conservative men, Republicans and Democrats, unite in action and oppose this established union between Northern and Southern disunionists. The Richmond papers, and Jefferson Davis himself, represent Southern sentiment not much more exactly than do Northern radical papers and Mr. Lincoln's proclamation represent Northern sentiment. The people must yet come together without the intervendisunion sheets. For the present, let the people see clearly how the abolitionists rejoice

speak of Washington and the fathers. They be refused. both despise the Constitution. They both abhor the Union. Let all patriots come out from them and be separate. Let the Union-savers soon see the last of disunion radicalism. We have authentic information that will not be likely to allow the rebels to take John Morgan sent us another telegraphic des- him prisoner, for he has fair notice that they patch upon the occasion of his last raid upon would hang him on high and leave him rotthe Louisville and Nashville Railroad. We ting in the winds and rains of heaven as long The rebel Congress has refused to sus- didn't get it, Jonny. We presume that while as a particle of flesh or gristle remained upon in Jeff Davis's proclamation in regard to you and a portion of your pets were sending his bones. He will either fight like the devi the non-exchange of Federal officers. This is despatches over the wires, another portion or run like fifty devils. We bet upon him to fight.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND, SEW YORK. WILLIAM WRIGHT. as dawisly

B RST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT TEN lowest market price. Also BRACH BOTTOM COAL at much lower rates by Sep 1 J. N. KELLOGG, Agent, sep 21 dist? Near the corner of Third and Main.

Insures Lives on the Mutual Principle

NET ACCUMULATION exceeding \$2,000,000, and increasing, for the bennfit of members, present and future—the whole safely and advantageously jon to policy.

Premiums may be paid quarterly, semi-annually,
Premiums may be paid quarterly, semi-annually,
Innually, or one half of the first five annual pren
mus on Life Policies loaned to the insured, if desir
WILLARD PHILLIPS, President
BENJAMIN F. STEVENS, Secretary.

Forms of Application, reports, and interesting ments of the Company will be furnished, and LOUISVILLE REFERENCES. R. W. F. Bullock, Burge, Esq., Rawson, Esq., P. Faulds, Esq., George Davis, Esq.,

Office in Nowcomb's building, northwest corne MUNN&CO.'S SEED STORE 217 Main st., bet. Second and Third,

TOBACCO SEED;
COTTON SEED;
CLOVER SEED;
CLOVER SEED;
GRADEN SEED;
GRADEN SEEDS
GARDEN SEEDS

a fresh stock in store and for sale at lowest cash prices.
Our stock of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS is very large and varied. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. MUNN & CO. A. G. MUNN

Ox Heart Cabbago;
Early Cauliflower;
Fresh Salsify.
Call at 217 Main street, between Second and Third
wo doors below the Telegraph Office.

HATS AND CAPS Just received a new supply. Also MILITARY CAPS Of a very superior quality, at WM. F. OSBORN'S.

G. B. TABB

GRENADINE ROBES; CHECK AND PLAID MOZAMBIQUES; TABLE LINENS AND TOWELLING; 11-4 LINEN AND COTTON SHEETING

SHOT, PIG, AND BAR LEAD, &c. OT-50 kegs assorted Drop and Buck in store an

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS
FLOUR, AND TEA STORE, No. 233 Marke
street, between Second and Third, south side. f21 AMILY FLOUR-20 bbls A No. 1 Extra Famil Flour, various brands, for sale by f21 HIBBITT & SON. JAVA, SANTOS. AND BIO COFFEE-25 sacks of Government Java, Santos, and Rio Coffee, all ver ine, for sale by [f21] HIBBITT & SON.

GENTLEMEN'S AND YOUTH'S

Division, sed of the 11th, 36th, 89th, and 92d Reg can procure a pass and transportation

300 BUSHELS CHOICE CLOVER;
2,000 " " Timothy;
1,50 " " Orchard Grass;
590 " Red Top Seed;
For sale by [120 d6] PITKIN, WIARD- & CO. houbted personal security; interest payable mully if required. Address Box 486 P. O.

500 superior canvased Hams; 200 boxes fancy Soap; Dried Fruit, Beans, Eggs. Butter, &c., n store and for sale by JNO. H. GRIFFITH, flo No. 312 Main street, bet. Third and Fourth.

COLDEN SIBUP-

.....8312,000

OFFICE in Newcomb's building, nortwest corn Main and Bullitt streets. Entrance on Bullitt stre jan20 d3m

JOS. A GILLISS is a candidate for Mayor at the el suing April election.

Holsters and Belts;

50 BUSHELS CANADA CLUB for sale by PITKIN, WIARD, & CO. COMPLAINTS OF THE ORGANS OF GENERATION. THE GONORRHEA, OR COMMONLY CALLEI SAMUEL HAWK.

ept as a first-class hotel in every respect.

feb5 disly

LEW18 RICE, Proprietor.

DR. LUDLUM'S SPECIFIC,

FOR THE CURE OF

And by druggists generally. A FIRST-RATE INVESTMENT.

ne large amoint of dovernment work who all and day at ighly remunerative prices.

Every part of the Foundery and Machine Shop is in rder and ready for business without delay.

For further information, address JAS. M. CARPENTER, f7 dis1m COAL COAL!

An experienced Wholesale and Retail Dealer in PITTSBURG COAL.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE Office - Third street, between Main and Market, east side. 14 distf

85th SEMI-ANNUAL EXPOSE HARTFORD, CONN. Assets, Jan., 1863. ash, Trensury Notes, and Cer-tificates on hand and denosited on ... 8436,581 41 963,801 00

237,160 00 Railroad Stocks, Hartford & New Haven, Connecticut River, and Bos-Real Estate unincumbered

.. \$2,354,070 82 DULY SWORN TO, Hartford, Jan. 1, 1863. Respectfully solicit and will take pleasure in attending to your insurance wants.

WM. PRATHER, Agent.

127 demarts.

MANILLA ROPE-All sizes in store and for s

PURE---CLEAN --- WHOLESOME. THE

Made without the use of any deleterious substance, and without the touch

of human hands.

215 Fourth street, BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET STS

AGENTS.

F. A. MOORE

C. SCHULTHESS, corner Fifth and Chestnut. A. G. PARMELE, N. W. cor. Seventh and Broadway TABLE BUTTER- 1,500 lbs choice Table Butter WM. GAULBERT, S. W. cer Seventh and Broadway. C. H. BUSHMAN, corner First and Broadway Mrs. MILLER, Third street, near Chestnut, H. D. MATHIS, corner First and Walnut. WM. CROWE, cerner Fifth and Walnut. LEAF LARD-50 kegs prime Leaf Lard in store figds DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market st. WEHMBOFF & WATERMAN, cor. First and Green CLOVER-SEED-25 bbls prime Clover-Seed just re-() AKUM-150 bales Oakum, extra Navy, in store an

Contents of First and Fourth Pages. Military Directory—General Hospitals in Louisville-Affairs at Clarksville—Rebel Meeting in Bullit berry's Lesture-A New Kind of Iron-Clads-The Real Cause of the Rebellion-Frauds in the Nev York Custom House-Speculation in Woollen ar Cotton Goods-Nickel on the Rise-Tobacco in Penn sylvania-Letter from Murfreesboro-A Crisis i Prussia-International Prize Fight-Failure of O. Wells-Address of Cotton Operatives to the Peopl of the United States-Distress in Iroland-Kentuck Officers Commissioned-Official Laws of the Unit States-Foreign Personal Matters-A Big Windfall \$214,000 in Search of a Man-Letter from the En peror Napoleon: Purpose of France in Mexico Bankruptcy in England-Telegraphic News, &c.

INJUSTICE TO THE DEAD .- The steamer Ella Faber arrived at this port several days ago with a number of sick and wounded Federal soldiers on board. During the trip from Nashville four deaths occurred. The captain of the boat caused boxes to be prepared for the bodies and proposed to inter them at convenient places on the river, but the military commander of the boat, a Major Kelley, objected to their interment, saying that he wished to deliver the bodies of the deceased soldiers to their friends. The boat arrived here in due time, but the bodies were not claimed by their friends, and consequently remained on board the boat. The steamer, being in the Government service, was ordered away yesterday, and the captain found it necessary to dispose of the dead bodies. In the absence of Major Kelley, the bodies were turned over to Wharfmaster Parmele, and we presume they will have to be buried at the expense of the city, as the names of the deceased and the residence of their friends are unknown to Mr Parmele. Many instances of the same kind have come under our observation in this city recently. Such neglect on the part of the proper authorities is highly reprehensible.

It has been already stated in our col umns that Col. Frank McNairy of the rebel army, who fell recently in battle, was not the author of the blood-hound bill which appeared some months ago under his signature. A letter from a distinguished personal friend of ours and his, who knew him most intimately writes us that Col. McNairy long and patient! uffered the odium justly due to such a deed ather than expose the real authors or seem to shrink before his enemies. The friend who writes to us told him that his reasoning was erroneous, but he merely replied, "you can correct it if I fall," and at the same time declared that he did not know of the existence of the publication for weeks after it was made being on duty at the time in Eastern Kentucky. He is said to have been a man of generosity, gentleness, and urbanity. His only crime, so far as we can learn, was rebellion, but that was so frightful a one that even the thick earth-curtains of the grave, we fear, cannot hide it.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTH DAY .- This anniversary will be celebrated on Monday next in Nashville and New Orleans. In the former city the preparations are on a grand scale, and will be carried out in the Hall of Representatives at the State Capitol, under the joint auspices of the City Council and the Nashville Union Club. The Committee requests that all places of business be closed, that the National olors be displayed from the houses of the cit izens, and that those having charge of churches or public buildings cause the bells thereof to be rung at sunrise, noon, and sunset. They also ask the citizens and military of the city county, and adjoining counties, to participate in the celebration. The ladies are particular ly invited to honor the occasion with their presence. The Hon. Jordan Stokes will read the farewell address, and the exercises will conclude with the Star Spangled Banner, in the chorus of which the whole audience will

Res T. N. Lindsay, Esq., as we learn from the Cincinnati Gazette, made a motion in the Franklin Circuit Court, at Frankfort on Thursday, to have the Judge, Hon. George C Drane, empannel a grand jury to investigate the loyalty of the men who met in the convention dispersed by Colonel Gilbert. The Judge very promptly and firmly refused to do so saying that the Judiciary had no right to interfere with the military in asserting the na tional authority, adding that even if the grand jury was in session he would not instruct it to investigate the act of Colonel Gilbert. Lindsay is a prominent sympathizer with secession. and a member of the "Democratic" Central Committee which called the rebel convention.

CHARTER AND ORDINANCES OF THE CITY Mr. L. A. Civill has published a very neat edition of a work entitled the Charter of the City of Louisville with all the amendments to the same now in force and all acts of the Legislature pertaining to the city passed preceding the date of December 1st, 1862, including all the revised ordinances of the city passed before the 1st February of last year. work was prepared with great care by Mr. Miller, the accomplished clerk of the Board of Aldermen, and is the only complete resume of the act of incorporation and city

Mr. Jerome Paddock, of New York, writes to us denying any connection with the "Free State Bank" or any other bank, and says the use of his name was wholly unauthorized, and was a forgery by the parties who have cloaked themselves under his signature, to carry out fraudulent operations, although he does not know who they are. As a statement of Mr. Paddock's connection with this Bank appeared in the Journal of the 8th inst., we, in justice to him, notice his disclaimer.

REBELS IN SOUTHEASTERN KENTUCKY .- Gen. Boyle has information to the effect that a force of rebel cavalry, from six hundred to one thousand strong, crossed the Cumberland river in the vicinity of Mill Spring a few days ago and that a portion of them are now occupy ing Somerset, Pulaski county. They are sai to be under command of Colonels Tucker, Chenault, and White, alias Robinson.

The two enormous dredge-boats, which have been used for some time to facilitate the work upon the canal enlargement at this city have been sent to Vicksburg to assist upon the new cut-off at that place. One of these machines left a few days ago in tow of the Mo nongahela, and the other departed yesterday, towed by the Clifton.

The steamer May Duke was chartered yesterday at this port by Governor Morton for service in the vicinity of Vicksburg. She departed last evening for Evansville, at which point she will receive a number of physicians, nurses, and hospital stores, proceeding directly to Vicksburg. Governor Morton takes care of

his State troops. ADVANCE UPON HACKMEN'S CHARGES .- The hackmen of the city have agreed upon an advance in the rates charged for attending funerals in the suburbs of the city. Whereas they charged the sum of two dollars heretofore, they now exact three dollars.

The attention of coal-dealers is called to the proposal of Captain Jenkins, in another column. Captain Jenkins will close contracts on the 5th proximo for a very large amoun of coal for government use.

The new tobacco warehouse of Messrs. Phelps, Caldwell, & Co., which will be for- Feb. 14-D. Pritt, co. H, 23d Ky. Wm. McBride, co. C, 98

The third annual exhibition of the Washington Literary Society will take place at Masonic Temple on Monday evening next. Nineteen soldiers died in general hos-

mally opened for business during the ensuing

There was a report put in circulation tely concerning the 167th Pennsylvania giment, composed of drafted men, in the cent battle near the Blackwater, in Virginia. They were charged with plainly refusing to fight, and the men were reported to have exmake us fight." This turns out to be a maliious falsehood. The Philadelphia Bulletin says the regiment was in the action at the eginning, and received the fiercest of the nemy's attack. The Colonel of the regiment, the brave Knoderer, received his death wound early in the action, and every other mounted officer had his horse shot under him. Thus, in the darkness, and without officers, these men, who had only been a few weeks in the

stances. General Corcoran has vindicated them from the malignant charges. THEATRE.—The thrilling historical drama of Horse Shoe Robinson, or the Battle of King's Mountain, will be presented this evening, Mr. Macauley personating Horse-Shoe Robinson. The entertainment will conclude with the two act play of the Momentous Question, a song by Mr. Stewart, and Mr. Fuller's skating

field, got into confusion for a time; but they

were rallied and re-formed, and did as well as

any troops could have done under the circum-

scene rendering the programme complete. NEW GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS. - A new miltary hospital, with accommodations for five thousand patients, will be erected in the vicinity of this city the coming spring, the location of which has been referred to Major Head, the efficient medical director in this city. Work upon the new hospital will be commenced the

The St. Louis papers of yesterday announce the death of Mrs. Letitia H. Davidson, in that city on Tuesday last. The deceased was the widow of the late Col. W. H. Davidson, of this city. Her remains will be interred at Cave Hill, beside the ashes of her deceased them from the first, excepting to think ye better of that which I began thinking well of.

The first new potatoes of the season nade their appearance in this market vesterlay, and may be classified among the luxuries to be found at the St. Charles to-day. They were grown by Mr. J. B. Parks, of Jefferson

Nicholas Reinhart, a member of the I wenty-eight Kentucky Infantry, was thrown from a horse on the Newburg road on Tues-any officer, who is called upon by his position day last, from the effects of which he has since died. His widow resides in this city.

In observance of the former custom, he regular exercises of the public schools of the city will be suspended on Monday, in comnemoration of the anniversary of the birth of he Father of his Country.

A number of rebel prisoners escaped from Hospital No. 7 a few nights ago, and it s thought that they have been harbored by certain secession sympathizers in this city.

The negro Daniel, convicted at the last erm of the circuit court of the murder of Mr. J. C. Kesee, his overseer, was hung at Henderson, Kv., last Friday.

The work of reconstructing Mozait Hall and fitting it for theatrical entertainments, under the direction of Manager Wood, has been commenced.

One hundred and thirty-two rebel prisoners arrived from Nashville last evening by railroad en route for Camp Chase. They will be forwarded to-day.

We can think of no more profitable prop for our farmers than that of onions, which are selling in this market at from \$4 75 to \$5

Superintendent Gheen returned from Cincinnati yesterday, whither he had gone on ousiness connected with the public schools of

The Owensboro Monitor learns that Col. Shanks and the most of his officers have esigned, but is not informed as to the cause. By order of the General Council, a salute of one hundred guns will be fired on Monday, in memory of Geo. Washington.

We are daily indebted to the attentive nessengers of the Adams Express Company for papers in advance of the mails.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS .- The following ransfers of real estate in Louisville and Jefferson county were made during the week ending February 20, 1863:

Robt. B. Hopkins and wife to Mary L. Eaches nt on south side Green, between I Garden streets, by 204 feet deep Peter and wife to C. C. Carey, 112 acres

ot alley... o James E. Kelley, 24 feet front corner of Main and Eighteenth olford and wife to Amos N. Jennison, inches front on south side of Walnut between Preston and Jackson, by 165

n Bank of Kentucky to J. H. Graham, front on north side of Chestnut street, et First and East, by 135 feet deep to a

op.
A. Preuss and wife to Henry Schrader, front, on the north side of Market, beSixteenth and Seventeenth streets, by t deep to a 20-foot alley.
Parks to Floyd Parks, 45 feet front, on auth side of Madison, between Fifteenth ixteenth streets, by 161 feet deep to a 20-

but to J. G. Balec, 5 acres, 1 rood, and, on the waters of Pond Creek,
Lochery and wife to John P. Kreischfeet front, on the east side of Shelby,
n Market and Jofferson streets, by 105

Lucy R. Phie, &c., 30

f the names of soldiers who have died in reneral hospitals in this city during the week ending February 20, 1863:

Michael McCarty, co. E. 34th Ky. Geo. Knapp, co. F, 13th Mich. Andrew Stewart, co. M, 6th Ky. Cavalry. John Faust, co. 1, 105th 111. -Isaac J. Barton, co. F, 18th U. S. Infantr John A. Doyle, co. A, 33th Ky. M. W. Miller, co. E, 14th Ind. Frank Fisher, co. I, 106th III. Jacob Lutes, co. F, 129th III. week, will be known as the Louisville Ware-U. S. Infantry. Ky. Ky. Cavalry I, 98th Ohio. Cenn. (rebel. Ky. Cavali

Notices of the Day.

Clark at the Phoenix rememberi nat the sun has just entered the zodiacal sign f "Pisces," and that the influence upon the ' will this morning add mint juleps t change for green-backs or their fractional

Real estate buyers will remember Mr. C. Spencer's sale of a brick house and lot on Lafayette, near Preston street, this after-noon, at three o'clock, on the premises. A City and country shoe buyers can have

rals, and gents', boys', and youths' boots, even offered at auction in the city of Louisville The sale will commence on Monday morning All imported goods must of course

have arisen in price in a ratio equal to the price of gold. This is equal to at least fifty per cent. This would bring a silk hat, for instance, that formerly sold for five dollars up to seven and a half. Notwithstanding this great advance, Messrs. Green & Green are still ma king their extra fine silk hat (the finest in the

House-furnishing Goods.—A large assortment just received at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green. fe21 d2 BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. "Your Troches are too well and favorably known to need commendation."

Hon. CHAS. A. PHELPS, Pres. Massachuset "My communication with the world has been very much enlarged by the Lozenges which I now carry always in my pocket; that trouble in my Throat, (for which the TROCHES are a specific,) having made me often a mer whisperer."

N. P. WILLIS. I have never changed my mind respecting

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
"Great service in subduing Hoarseness."
REV. DANIEL WISE, New York.
"The TROCHES are a staff of life to me." Pres. Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y

"A simple and elegant combination for Coughs, &c." Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston.
"I recommend their use to Public Speakers."

REV. E. H. Chapin. 'With me the use of the Troches is an ab to use his voice in command, can succeed without them." EDW'D F. JONES, Colonel Mass. 26th. "They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing the voice so that could sing with ease."

T. Ducharme,

Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal Observe. As there are imitations be sur obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches,' ich by long experience have proved their value, having received the sanction of physicians generally, and testimonials from em nent men throughout the country.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines at 25 cents per Box. Military Officers and Soldiers should have them, as they can be carried in the pocket nd taken as occasion requires. feb21 d1&w1

THE JOURNAL IN NASHVILLE. - Brown & Co. 48 College street, Nashville, in the absence of D. P. Myers & Co., will receive all orders from ealers for the Louisville Journal f18 d6 CONFEDERATE (REBEL) MONEY.—Perfect fa

miles of different denominations, with tariff f prices by the 100 or 1000, sent post-paid to ny address, on receipt of 50 cents, by S. C. am, 403 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. Bird cages of all descriptions, at SUES' VARIETY STORE.

False faces—another lot just received, [f11] J. SUES'. CONFEDERATE (REBEL) MONEY .- Fac-simile go equally as well: \$500 in Confederate notes of all denominations sent by mail of all denominations sent by mail, postage paid, on the receipt of \$5, by
W. E. HILTON,

fl0 dlm* No. 11, Spruce street, N. Y. The principal companies making Sewg Machines are Wheeler & Wilson, I. M. nger & Co., and Grover & Baker. Of the achines made there were sold during the

 By Wheeler & Wilson,
 21,305

 By I. M. Singer & Co.,
 10,953

 By Grover & Baker,
 10,280

 Showing Wheeler & Wilson's sales to be dou-ble those of any other Sewing Machine Comany in the country.

In addition to these awards of the highest

authority, we have the testimonials of the most ntelligent and influential ladies, manufacturers, and professional seamstresses in all parts of the United States, Europe, British America, West Indies, Central and South America, west indies, Central and South America Turkey, India, China, and Japan.

WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents.

f7 eod6m Masonic Temple.

HILL'S GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY-Is the place to buy fine Pens, Cases, &c.—can suit my hand. Gold Pens Repointed for 50c. Pens BOT I will pay 60 cents (cash) per dwt. for

Id pens 14 carats fine.

N. B.—Stencil Brands cut as usual.

R. C. HILL, j29 dtf 407 Main street, below Fourth. UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS . - 1 ave on hand, and will constantly keep, a full apply of the above stamps. Persons ordering by mail may depend upor aving their orders filled by return mail.

aving their orders house.

Office in Custom-house.

PHILIP SPEED. j22d&w1m Col. Int. Rev. 3d Dis. Ky. DIRECTORY OF THE HOSPITALS. gard to patients in the General Hospitals of the Army of the West. By a reference to books, which are corrected daily, an answer can, under ordinary circumstances, be given by return mail to the following questions:

1st. Is — — (giving name and regiment) at present in any hospital of the Army of the West? of the West?

2d. If so, what is his proper address?

3d. What is the name of the Surgeon or Chaplain of the hospital?

4th. If not in hospital at present, has he recently been in hospital?

5th. If so, did he die in hospital, and at what date?

what date? If recently discharged from hospital, was he discharged from service?
7th. If not, what were his orders on leaving? The Commission will also furnish more spe fic information as to the condition of any atient in the General Hospitals, within as port a space of time as possible, after a re uest to do so from an officer of any of its cor sponding societies. The office of the Directory will be open daily from 8 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.

and accessible in urgent cases at any hour o JOHN. S. NEWBERRY, M. D. Secretary for the Western Department U. S No. 439 WALNUT STREET, Louisville, Ky.

ARMY MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,] LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 24, 1862. Persons having business with this offic officers of the army, and citizens, wall between 9 and 10 o'clock A. M. fice will hereafter be closed on Sunday.

A. P. MEYLERT

A. P. MEYLERT Surgeon U. S. Vols. Medical Purveyor, n25 dtf Grover and Baker's sewing machines eccived the first premiums at the State Fairs ast held in New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Missouri, Ken-ucky, Tennessee, Virginia, North Carolina, Alabama, and California, including every State air exhibited in 1862. Sale Rooms No. 5 Mu

A CHANCE FOR ALL.-Col. A. J. Alexander vants to enlist one company more of picked nen for the Thirty-sixth Kentucky Mounted nantry within ten days. As no officer for he company has been designated, they can hoose all their own officers from the members of the company. Call at his recruiting office, on the south side of Main, near First. o22 dtf

andressed, eash, doors, blinds, mouldings, boxes, &c., call at Alexander, Ellis, & Co.'s claning mill, sash, door, and blind factory and umber yard, on Fulton street, just acove Preston, fronting the river, or at their lumber yard, corner of Walnut and Preston streets, Main street, nearly opposite the Galt House,

Wanted,

By A YOUNG MAN, A LARGE, WELL-FURnished room, with board, in a respectable private
nished room, with board, in a respectable private
private and healthy. D nished room, with board, in a respectable private family. The locality must be pleasant and healthy, References exchanged. Address J. R. H., P. O. drawer XXXI. RIO COFFEE-209 bags just received by GARDNER & CO. SARDINES—
5 cases halves;
10 do quarters;
10 to quarters;
TERRY & CO., 618 Main s

[Extract from a Letter on the Battle-field.]

This battle (Antietam) has been the most sanguinary of the war, and the only one principles. The arrangement of our corpslaimed, "You may draft us, but you can't the delicacies of his restaurant. All such the overlooking position of the commanding make us fight." This turns out to be a malicionage at Clark's mint will be given in exleft divisions—the closing up of the centre, and the final success-excites bewildering admiration, and carries the mind to the great fields of Austerlitz and Wagram, fought by Napoleon. Of all this have I spoken. The heart history of such a conflict, purchased by the life and blood of twenty thousand men, the opportunity to examine to-day (Saturday), at the auction rooms of Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co., one of the largest and best stocks of ladies, misses, and children's boots and balmomust be found in the hospitals. War has its ache—the heart bleed—the lips palsy, and the brain reel. The sight is at first positively unendurable. The life-blood of some is trickling away in silent calmness-while the dissevered limbs and maniac brain of others give

rise to sounds God grant I may not again wit-But ye mothers who here seek a son-o wives a husband-or sisters a brother-or sons a father-know and be consoled that even here the hand of mercy is watchful, and better care is bestowed upon your loved ones TIN TOILET WARE.—A splendid lot just reeived at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and the hospital, where rested the gallant Hooker than might at first seem possible. It was in that I learned the history of those mythica words so often seen and so little understood "S. T .- 1860-X." Anything alleviating the sufferings and saving the lives of our soldiers. is a national blessing. I witnessed some as tonishing results from this article.

It is well known the effect of burnt gun powder and excitement is thirst, which, added to the loss of blood in the wounded, creates the necessity of a reviving stimulant. In this particular hospital, the physicians were allowing their patients to drink Plantation Bitters otherwise called S. T .- 1860-X, and although the wounded are most numerous here-this division having opened the fight at 5 in the morning-the men were mostly composed and there was very little fainting. The article acts upon the stomach and nerves in a most incomprehensible manner, superior to brandy, and without subsequent stupefying reaction. It originated in the West Indies, composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Roots, Herbs, &c.; all preserved in St. Croix Rum-the S. T.-1860-X being a secret ingredient, not yet revealed to the public. It is principally recommended for want of appetite, disordered liver, intermittent fevers, stomachic difficulties, &c. I understand it was somewhat known in the Southern States previous to the war, and it appears an agent of Jefferson Davis recently applied to the proprietors for the privilege to make it for hospital purposes during the war, to which they made the following reply:

NEW YORK, Jan. 16, 1862. Agent of, etc.:
DEAR SIR: In reply to your communication, ers for your hospital purposes during the war," we beg to say, your price is a liberal one, considering it would cost us nothing to aply, and that otherwise we can derive no enue from the Southern States; but, sir ir duties to our Government and our idea tain it, although it might please us to assuage the sufferings of your misguided followers. We remain,

Very respectfully, yours, P. H. DRAKE & CO. These gentlemen give the history of certain ngredients of their article for over two hundred years-showing that through all changes of the medical profession and its practitioners strength, composure, and cheerfulness have been derived from these sources. Dr. Woods in the Washington hospitals informed me that had not slept an hour for two weeks, until the Plantation Bitters came to his knowledge, when one day's trial gave him a night's rest, and he was now fast recovering. I am surprised our Government has not equalled Jefferson Davis in energy, and adopted this invaluable article in all our hospitals. The weak soldiers cling to it like a brother. As lay member, I can bear witness it is "good to take," and affords more energy and life than anything I ever tried. Success to the Planta-

But I have digressed. In my next I shall speak of gathering in the wounded, burying NICODEMUS. the dead, &c. d29 deod2m, beod2m&w1

MARRIED.

ing of the 19th inst., at the residence orkhill, in this city, by Elder D. P. Her or of the Christian Church, Mr. John I to Miss Carrie E. McCorkhill, all he Baptist Church in Litchfield, Ky., on the by Elder D. Dowden, Mr. Charles Worth. Miss Anna McCall, all of Litchfield, Ky. same, on the 18th inst., at the residence of Bishop, in Litchfield, Ky., Mr. ROBERT H f Louisville, to Miss NANNIE A. WORTHAM, o

On Friday morning, 20th instant, at nine o'clock ornelius Van Buskirk, in the 87th year of his age. The friends of the family are invited to attend his uneral on Sunday afternoon at two o'clock from he residence of his daughter, Mrs. Mary Lindenber-ter, corner of Fourth and Broadway. ost., Mrs. Mary E., wife of S. M. Me ear of her age.

take place on Saturday morning a
ne residence of her mother, Mrs
on, between Campbell and Wenzel
equaintances of the family are invi ew York City and New Haven (Conn.) paper

OBITUARY.

the 9th of February, at his father's resi Washington county; Capt. H. C. PALMER. i

Jacobs's cavalry, from Dr. Palmer's residence, Washington county, to the cemetery at Bardstown

500 BOXES WINDOW-GLASS for sale by EDW. WILDER, 514 Main st. 50 BAGS ALLSPICE for sale by EDW. WILDER, 514 Main st. MAPLE MOLASSES-A supply of Maple Molasses fla HIBBITT & SON AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE TREATRE. BENEFIT and last appearance of Mr. W. ULLER, the Champion Skater of the World.

THIS EVENING (Saturday), Feb. 21, will be performed the startling Drama, in 3 acts, entitled HORSE-SHOE ROBINSON, or the BATTLE OF KIGG'S MOUNTAIN—HOTSE-Shoe Robinson, Mr. Macauley.....Comic Song by W. A. Stewart After which, Mr. W. H. Fuller will appear in bis great Skating Scene Performance will commence with the beautiful 2-art Drama entitled the MOMENTOUS QUESTION. The celebrated Artistes Mr. & Mrs. W. J. FLOR ENCE are engaged and will shortly appear. Private Boxes \$5 and \$8. Dress Circle and Parquette 75 cents. Second Tier 35 cents. Gallery 15 cents. Colored Boxes 35 cents.

Doos open at 6% and Curtain rises at 7% o'clock processing the colored by For particulars see small bills.

THIRD ANNUAL CELEBRATION

Washington's Birthday WASHINGTON LITERARY SOCIETY MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 23, 1863, At Masonic Temple. MUSIC. ORATIONS. DEBATE.

AUCTION SALES.

The exercises will begin PRECISELY at 71/2 o'clock.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. REGULAR WEEKLY SALE OF DRY GOODS CASSIMERE AND SATINET PANTS, FINE SOFT HATS, AND EXTRA CARPET BAGS AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, Feb. 24, at 10 o'clock we will sell, for cash, at Auction-Rooms, some 300 lots of assorted Dry Goods. Also 10 pcs all Wool and Doeskin Cassimeres h an entire tresh invoice of Fine Tapestry and Water-proof Carpet Bags; Men's and Boys' fine Soft Wool Hats.

S. G. HENRY & CO., JAMES H. PRENTICE. Auctioneer

AUCTION NOTICE.

Large and Peremptory Trade Sale

Fur and Wool Hats.

FOURTH REGULAR TRADE SALE of the SEASON footing with the negroes.

The report was current from Galveston that

HATS Of the Manufacture of JAMES H. PRENTICE At his Warehouse, corner Raymond an Willoughby streets, Brooklyn, L. I.,

6th, arrived this evening.

The steamer Leopard arrived at Warsaw on ON THURSDAY, FEB'RY 26, 1863. the 19th of January from Charleston with a full cargo of cotton, and sailed on the 7th inst. for a return trip. A sloop with turpentine also AT 11 O'CLOCK, When will be offered, in addition to his regular line

f goods, many new styles adapted to the coming sea These Hats have all been manufactured since the ast sale, and are of fine grades and fashionable styles. They will be prepared for inspection by Catalogue on the day previous to the sale, and the entir offering will be sold WITHOUT RESERVE.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. FIRST LARGE SALE FOR 1863. 600 CASES AND CARTOONS OF BOOTS, SHOES,

Two Days' Sale. ON MONDAY and WEDNESDAY, Feb. 23 and 25 commencing each day at 10 o'clock, we will sel for cash, at Auction-Rooms, some 600 CASES AND CARTOONS OF tolerate his presence having induced the abandonment of the lecture. FIRST-CLASS NEW STYLE AND SEASONABLE

BOOTS, SHOES, AND BALMORALS, nt's. Boys', and Youths' Calf and Kip Boots: lies' Kid, Goat, and Calf Boots and Balmoral ses' and Children's Boots and Tips in great va th an excellent line of Ladies' Lasting Work. This is all fresh and desirable Spring stock we worth the attention of city and country buyers. Terms cash (bankable money).
S. G. HENRY & CO.,
Auctioneers

BY C. C. SPENCER.

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE AND BOT AT AUCTION. ngs.
half cash; balance in one year, with it
the purchaser having the privilege of
down. Title perfect.
C. C. SPENCER, f18 d4

Special Notice to Boot & Shoe Buyers. On MONDAY AND WEDNESDAY NEXT, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at Auction-Rooms, some 600 CASES AND CARTOONS FIRST-GLASS NEW STYLE AND SEASONABLE

BOOTS, SHOES, AND BALMORALS. steadily progressing. No guerillas have been heard of around this section lately. All is quiet at Corinth and Grand Junction.

No quorum being adjourned at 9:45 We would call the particular attention of both The Argus has received the Appeal of the oth, with a despatch from Charleston, of the th, which says that a fleet of over seventy S. G. HENRY & CO.,

SPECIAL NOTICES.

yessels was at Port Royal, and supposed a grand movement was on hand.

The Vicksburg Whig of the 7th says another batch of deserters had arrived from Grant's

HAVING BOUGHT MR. W. B. WILSON'S (suc ricultural Impliments, I will continue my business a his old stand.
J. D. BONDURANT, Seed and Agricultural Warehouse, Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

3,000 BUSHELS ORCHARD GRASS; cleaned Bluegrass; Red Top or Herds' Grass; 100 do Clover Seed; 250,000 papers assorted Garden Seeds, crop 100 to 250,000 papers assorted Garden Secus, of 1862; in store and for sale by J. D. BONDURANT. 100 BBLS. CALCINE PLASTER; 100 bbls. Cement or Water Lime;

100 bbls. Cement or Water Lime;
50 do White Lime.
17 dis2m J. D. BONDURANT, No. 322 Main st. DRUNKENNESS CURED! TO THE inebriate may now bid defiance to the tempti STRONG DRINK is a certain cure for Drunkenness. It creates a dislike for strong drink, and can be administered without the knowledge of the patient. PHAM, 403 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA. culars sent free. 031 deow&weowly

S-T-1860-X. DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS. dent or discovery, to supply the ram Queen of the West. Shot and shell are occasionally

BRANDRETH'S PILLS. THEY CURE DYSPEPSIA, REDUCE, LESSEN, AND EXPEL THE PRINCIPLE OF DISEASE.

DR. THOMAS R. HAZARD, of Portsmouth, Rhode with this medicine confirms his belief that in very ew cases would the Physician's services be required J. J. Cook, publisher of the Banner, at Bennington

when every other means had failed and I was actually

there is no surer purgative; in smaller doses they act as a gentle stimulus, curing costiveness and purifying the blood. They are every day curing thousands who

Principal Office 294 Canal st., N. York.
Sold by RAYMOND & TYLER, Louisville, and by
all respectable dealers. jan15 cod@cow THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.

STPUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a cantion to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quarkery. By enclosing p. postpaid addressed envelop, single cories may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bed-

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Affairs on the Mississippi River.

The Latest Vicksburg Intelligence.

Congressional Proceedings, &c., &c.

New Orleans advices state that General

nidable rebel force in front of Hooker, and

one to Vicksburg. Washington, Feb. 20.

redericksburg, over which he travelled, was

The steamer George Cromwell, from New

New Orleans papers as usual contain no

The steamer British Queen, from Nassau the

lst, both with cotton. The steamer Thist

Anna Childs to run the blockade. The Antonica has gone to St. Thomas.

The steamer Calipsico, from Charleston, ar-ived at Nassau on the 9th inst. The steamers

Eagle and Wave Queen, from St. Thomas, and the Emma and Granite City, from Greenock,

arrived on the 9th, to be added to the neutral

The lecture announced this evening at the

American Institute by Mr. Vallandigham did

not come off, unmistakable evidence that the

val sentiments of Baltimore would not

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20.

FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 19.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 16, VIA CAIRO, 18.

The river was getting over the banks on the Louisiana side. The little town of De

nder water.
The Appeal's correspondent at Vicksburg.

me date, says there is now no longer any

concentrated within seeing distance of the city. Mortar boats were being towed down yesterday to a point near the grand rendez-yous of the fleet. Any moment may announce the commencement of the attack.

IN SIGHT OF VICKSBURG, Feb. 18, }

Rumors of the rebel evacuation of Vicksburg are unfounded. Trains have been running with unusual frequency, removing machinery from the city of Vicksburg, which

The canal project is not abandoned. A large additional force is now employed on it.

The new mouth is not finished. The water is

aning through the old channel six or seven

rending through the old channer six or seven reet deep, but don't wash as expected.

From movements in other localities, I infer that the object is to pass Vicksburg without attacking it at present. I may be able to speak

River stationary and bank full. The water

s creeping round through places, and makes ill below the canal untenable, and for a mile bove the soil is permeated with water every-

A barge containing 7,000 bushels of coal ran

e blockade on Saturday night without acci-

ropped in our midst, near the mouth of the

ised. A memorial, signed by several promi-nent members of the Convention, which was

roken up yesterday by the military authori-

ies, was presented to the House to-day, and it was refused to suspend the rules that it might

considered, by a vote of yeas 40, nays 40.

The office of the Keokuk Constitution was

estroyed yesterday by convalescent soldier n hospital. The cause is not stated.

A Cairo telegram says the ram Queen has

one on an expedition up Red River for the urpose of destroying rebel vessels. If successful, one of the chief sources of rebel sup-

lies will be cut off.

Washington, Feb. 20.

Secretary Chase communicates to the Sen

Ed ward Jord n Solicitor of the Treasury, in

FRANKFORT, Feb. 19.

CAIRO, Feb. 20.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.

anal, without serious annoyance.

im in a subordinate capacity.

Via CAIRO, Feb. 19.

ews whatever.

eans on the 12th, arrived this evening.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

ughs at the assertion that Lee's army has

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

various devices through the Custom-house.

An exploded story of Gen. Banks having been defeated near Port Hudson has been received here, but the Government has received no unfavorable information whatever from that quarter.

The Senate currency bill passed the House to-day in the precise form it came from that The Senate to-day passed the bill organizing

XXXVIITH CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20

SENATE. Mr. Wade, from the Committee on Territor-ies, reported back the bill to allow the people of Nevada to take preparatory steps for being admitted into the Union, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the resolution inquiring into the expediency of admitting New Mexico as a State.

Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, from the Mil-

The Town of Bolivar Destroyed. ary Committee, reported back the joint reso ion to facilitate the payment of sick and ounded soldiers in hospitals and convales-Arrest of a Rebel Spy in New York. ents in camp, directing them to be paid in ixty days. Passed. Mr. Wilkinson, from the Committee on Ter-Destruction of a Printing Office. es, reported a bill to enable the people of

ebraska to take preparatory steps to be ad-litted into the Union as a State. Mr. Lane, of Kansas, reported a similar bill elation to Colorado Mr. Trumbull, from the Judiciary Commit-ee, reported adversely on the bill to amend the act admitting the State of Western Vir-

Veitzell's expedition to Bayou Teche had not tarted on the 10th, owing to the withdrawal Mr. Collamer, from the Postoffice Commite, reported a bill relating to post routes, prof a part of the forces for up river.

There were rumors of a repulse at Port ludson, but they could not be traced. viding for bridges across the Ohio. Mr. Latham introduced a bill providing for ircuit courts in California. Referred to the There was talk that another expedition, un-er Sherman, was being fitted out. It is also Mr. Collamer called up the annual post ported that another armed vessel had slipped t from Mobile harbor. oute bill. Several amendments were adopted

and the bill passed. The news from Galveston states that the The bill to provide a temporary government. eet had entered the bay, but found it so trongly fortified that it was deemed best to or Nevada was taken up and passed—25 to 12. EVENING SESSION.—Mr. Pomeroy presented ithdraw for the present.
Col. Charles Carroll Hicks, of the rebel army, memorial from the New England Aid So ty, asking compensation for losses sustained rested this afternoon at the St. Nicholas Mr. Powell called up the resolution to print

extra copies of the letters of the Secretary of War and Judge Advocate in relation to the The Post has information through a gentlearrest and discharge of certain state and political prisoners. He submitted letters from D. A. Mahony and others, stating that the stittments made in the letters of the Judge Advcman from Richmond that the rebel army has done growing, as every man in the South between eighteen and forty years of age, who can bear arms, is now in the service.

There is a bill now before the rebel Congress conscripting even forcing the construction of the cons ate were untrue.

Mr. Harlan said, that, with regard to one of the persons, Mahony, he had discouraged en-There is a fill now before the rebel Congress conscripting even foreigners and Marylanders. The supplies of the rebel army, except shoes, are better than they have been. The rebels are reported short of powder, and forage is scarce, while the people on the route to Fredericksburg are at the point of starvation.

Our informant is certain that there is a formidable rebel force in front of Hecker, and the persons, Mahony, he had discouraged en-

omplaints from Iowa of his arrest.

Mr. Powell said he had no acquaintance with the man. Mr. Grimes had stated he was a man of talent and character.

Mr. Grimes said he only spoke of his perMemphis at noon to-day. Her accommodations for Mr. Grimes said he only spoke of his personal character, and he never had anything

against him personally until the breaking-out of the rebellion.

Mr. Richardson said if any one knew of A gentleman, recently escaped from Richard, reports that the Merrimac No. 2 was at ort Darling at the latter end of January, havnother committing treason, and did not have him arrested, he himself was criminal. ort Darling at the latter end of January, having a lighter on each side of her, owing to her op-heaviness. She carries four guns, but is ierced for eight. Longstreet's division passed his mough Richmond several weeks ago for the touth and West, and large numbers besides of the army of the Rappahannock have followed. It is agreed to the says the country between Richmond and its large results and the says the country between Richmond and its large results and the says the country between Richmond and its large results and the says the country between Richmond and its large results and the says the country between Richmond and its large results and the says the sa Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts—I think the enate had better be legislating upon measures calculated to to put down the rebellion than nad shown himself in New York to be a sym-

on motion of Mr. Wilson, the resoluti n Premium. There is no disposition to buy from the ation of the bill reorganizing the courts of the price of silver, which we quote at 40@45 ? cent pre District of Columbia.

Considerable discontent existed among the roops, growing out of an unwillingness of he white soldiers to be placed on a common The bill then passed—yeas 19, nays 16.
On motion of Mr. Fessenden, a committee of conference was appointed on the bill to provide ways and means for the support of the ne Brooklyn was aground in eleven feet The Delta has been placed in the hands of he Messrs. Hill, the reporters of the Boston ournal and New York Herald.

Mr. Shallabarger offered a resolution, which was adopted, that, as difficulties have arisen regarding the pay of volunteers, the Committee on Military Affairs make inquiries and 120.

Grand eport what legislation is necessary to secure he payment of soldiers from the time they entered the service, instead of from the time

their companies were mustered in.

The national currency bill was then taken up. arrived from Charleston on the 21st ult. The pirate Florida sailed from Nassau at eleven Mr. Baker spoke against the bill.

Mr. Noell did not feel at liberty to vote

Sales of 30 bags II

of soda at 8@8½c. o'clock A. M. on the 27th ult., after recruiting for a day. The steamer Giraffe, from Wilmington, arrived at Nassau on the 25th, and the steamer Antonica from Savannah on the against the bill, but appealed to the gentlemen o refer it to the Judiciary Committee to in-quire how far it deprived the States of their cleared on the 26th to run the blockade. The Giraffe sailed again on the 7th inst., also the inder valid laws. Mr. Allen advocated an amendment he pro-posed to offer, reducing the tax on circulating Sheetings.

notes one per cent per annum, in order to in-luce the banks to endorse the system and place themselves in co-operation with the Government to supply a uniform currency and to prevent undue expansion.

dered. The Clerk read the bill, occupying an hour.

Mr. Holman moved to lay the bill on the

| 17 75. 16 at \$18@17 75. 7at \$19@19 75. 12 at \$16. The bill then passed by a vote of 78 against at \$21 25, 2 at \$22@25, and 1 at \$23 75.

EVENING SESSION.—The House took up the Senate's post-office reform bill.

Among the amendments was one striking out the clause requiring rublishers to prepay postage on magazines, and adding a clause charging an additional rate for re-mailed letters and providing a charge of 25 cents for letters for special delivery, so marked, and delivered day or night.

Mailable matter is divided into three classes: The Richmond Dispatch has the following The Florida has sent the Anna Benseall, ith troops for New Orleans, to the bottom. The whole of the Yankee army is leaving Point. The object of this move is to recruit Mailable matter is divided into three classes:

Transports arrived from the fleet to-day for ogan's division. Rebel pickets were seen by the transports at Napoleon. The boat did not of the transports at Napoleon. The boat did not of the transports at Napoleon. The boat did not of the transports arrived from the transports at the transports arrived from the transports arrived from the transports arrived from the transports arrived from the transports. It is, letters; 2d, printed matter; 3d, miscellations are transports arrived from the transports arrived from the transports arrived from the transports arrived from the fleet to-day for letters; 2d, printed matter; 3d, miscellations are transports at Napoleon. The boat did not letters are transports at Napoleon. and, fearing there might be more batteries in always had been, of abolishing the franking privilege, but the Senate was hostile to it, and ifferent points along the banks. Trouble is had so voted; and as the abolition could not, pprehended along the river from rebel gue- therefore, be carried, he was in favor of cur-

The steamer Jenny Lind, with a barge in Mr. Allen introduced an amendment, which tow, en route for the fleet, was fired into at Council Bend, at Bledsoe's Island, Arkansas. of officers of departments and by postmasters o damage done. The gunboat Conesto, a, in to official business, and requiring all letters staliation, proceeded to Bolivar, and landed sent to franking officers to be pre-paid. Mr. Blake offered an amendment, which was adopted, to establish a money order sysnd destroyed the town, which contains a few The transports brought up twenty prisoners | tem for one dollar, and not exceeding twenty aptured below.

The work on Lake Providence Canal is dollars, ten cents to be paid for every additional sum of ten dollars, and of a less denom-

> No quorum being in attendance, the House adjourned at 9:45 A. M. CAIRO, Feb. 20. The tow-boat Hercules was burned on Tuesday last by guerillas just above Memphis. It is reported at Memphis that 4,000 rebels are within six miles of the Charleston Rail-

> E. S. Tobley, A. A. Lawrence, and James M. Beebee have petitioned the Massachusetts Legislature to be incorporated as the American Steamship Company, with a capital of two millions of dollars. The steamers are to run between Boston and Europe. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20. The Committee of Ways and Means, in their

> report accompanying their bill establishing a branch mint in Nevada, say the discoveries will in a few years, in that respect, surpass even the Golden State.
>
> The Senate Committee on Judiciary have given much attention to Utah affairs. They are now convinced that Territorial legislation by the establishment of Probate Courts, with States District Courts, prostrates all proper judicial proceedings. The Federal Judges have forwarded a request to so define the duties of their Court that no further trouble in the fu-

> ture may occur. [Special Despatch to the New Albany Ledger.] INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 20. The time of the House this forenoon was spent in discussing resolutions declaring the Morrill tariff oppressive to the agricultural interests of the Northwest. The question is still

Nothing was done in the Senate, the mi-

nority killing time by parliamentary manœu-

The bill to apportion the State into Congressional districts was ordered to be printed. The following is the apportionment made by the bill:
First District—Posey, Vanderburg, Warrick, Gibson, Dubois, Pike, Knox, Daviess, and Martin.

anal, without serious annoyance.

Gen. Prentiss goes to Helena, in command
f Eastern Arkansas. Gen. Ross accompanies

Harrison District—Spencer, Perry, Crawford,
Harrison, Floyd, Scott, Washington, Orange, and Clark.
Third District—Lawrence, Monroe, Brown, The discussion of Federal affairs in the House was of the same tone as that heretofore A memorial, signed by several promilin, Ohio, Ripley, Rush, Fayette, and Union.
Fifth District—Randolph, Wayne, Henry,
Hancock, and Marion.
Sixth District—Shelby, Johnson, Morgan,
Hendricks, Boone, Montgomery, and Foun-

Seventh District-Sullivan, Greene, Owen, Clay, Vigo, Vermillion, Parke, and Putnam.
Eighth District—Warren, Tippecanoe, Benton, Newton, Jasper, Pulaski, Starke, Porter, Lake, Laporte, Clinton, and Howard.
Ninth District—White, Carroll, Cass, Miami, Wabash, Fulton, Marshall, and St. Jo-Tenth District-Allen, DeKalb, Steuben,

Lagrange, Noble, Elkhart, Kosciusko, and Eleventh District-Adams, Blackford, Grant, Hamilton, Huntington, Madison, Tipton, Del

elation to frauds in the New York Custom-ouse, showing that frauds upon the revenue have been committed for at least six years past, effected by making out false invoices repreriage licenses were issued by the clerk of the Jefferson county court during the week ending enting different descriptions and lower prices f goods than were actually imported, and Febuary 20, 1863: then securing the passage of such invoices by

RIVER NEWS.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE. ARBIYALS YMSTERDAY. DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

The river is rising at this point, having risen six oches during the twenty-four hours ending at five 'clock last evening. The weather is clear and pleasnt, the landing abounding in mud. The St. Cloud arrived from Nashville yesterday with ne hundred and thirteen sick and wounded rebel oners, which she discharged at Jeffersonville. The May Duke has been chartered by Gov. Morton proceed to Vicksburg with nurses, stores, &c., for e Indiana soldiers. She departed last evening for vansville to await orders.

Capt. Bates, of the Masonic Gem, and Mr. N. B. Taylor, of this city, purchased the steamer Albambra esterday for \$5,500. She will run for the present be-ween this port and the Kentucky river, leaving on ner first trip to-day.

Wharfmaster Parmele has in his possession the odies of three deceased soldiers, left by the steamer

alla Faber. Their names are unknown, and they will buried at the city expense. The two dredge-boats used in the work upon the anal enlargement have been sent to Vicksburg to work upon the new canal there. The last one left yesday in tow of the steamer Clifton We learn from the New Albany Ledger that the tesmer Huntress, in passing under the railroad bridge at Nashville on Wednesday, swung around and struck a snag, which broke three of her timbers,

lamaged her. The concussion threw the boilers seven

made a considerable hole in the hull, just above the water, smashed up the bar entirely, and otherwise

The Leslie Combs, in the Government service, is due rom Cincinnati. The splendid steamer Tycoon, Capt. J. B. Archer,

passengers are unrivalled. The J. B. Ford, quite light, passed up for Cincinnati

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL, SATURDAY, February 21, 1863. Gold is firmer under the influence of the news from New York, and we quote the selling rate at 60 B cent The Senate then proceeded to the consider- buying at 57 F cent premium. There is no change in mium buying. Eastern exchange dull at 1/4@1/2 B cent The discussion was continued by Messrs.

IcDougal, Saulsbury, Powell, and Wilson.

Mr. Trumbull offered an amendment pro
Mr. Trumbull offered an amendment providing for a revision and codification of the laws of the District. Adopted.

Southern money at 20 % cent discount. The notes of the Kentucky banks are received at &@10 % cent pre-

bush at \$1 20@1 30 for red and prime white. We quote At a quarter past 10 o'clock the Senate ad-ourned. ear corn in bulk from the country at 55055c 2 bushel, and shelled at 58060c. Oats in demand at 70c from wagons. Rye 90@95c. Sales of barley at \$1 20@1 25 Sales shipstuffs at \$18 % ton, shorts \$15, and bran CHEESE.-Sales 50 boxes Western Reserve at 111/4 GROCERIES.-Market easy and sales are limited. Sales New Orleans sugar in hhds at 131/4@131/2e, yellow

> POTATOES-Sales from store at \$3 50 % bbl. ONIONS-Sales from the country at \$4 50 75 78 bbl. COTTON YARNS, &c.-Yarns unchanged; sales at 43, 44, and 45c for the different numbers. We quote can dlewick at \$1 20, and cotton twine at 85c. Batting

sugar in bbls at 13½@14c, soft sugar 15¼c, crushed at 16½@17c. Sales Baltimore golden sirup at 75c, New

York at 62@63c, and new plantation molasses at 70c

SHEETINGS-Sales 8 bales G. W. at 42c. WHISKY-We quote raw at 520 % gallon HAY-Firm at \$16@18 for light and hard pressed HEMP-Light sales fair to prime Kentucky at \$120 @130 % ton. FLAXSEED-Firm at the mills at \$2 % bushel.

The House, 75 against 73, agreed to order the main question to be put. The House refused to table the bill, 57 against 89.

The third reading of the bank bill was or
The House, 75 against 84. Provisions—Transactions are light. We quote old mess pork at \$11 \$\mathbb{R}\$ bill and new at \$14. Sales 50 bbls lard from store at 9\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)6\(\frac{4}{3}\)7\(\frac obacco at \$11 25, 12 at \$12@12 75, 74 at \$13@13 75, 34 at 75, 16 at \$18@17 75, 7 at \$19@19 75, 12 at \$20@20 75, 1

BANK NOTE LIST. BANKABLE FUNDS. Treasury Notes and Ohio.

nd notes 150; exchange dull, with

TOBACCO IN CINCINNATI. cles of leaf tobacco at Morris & Chalfant's hads, viz: 3 hhds Kentucky new trash at 8½ 5 hhds do new lugs at 12½ to 12½c, 2 hhds do 12 14 to 14½c, 5 hhds do ex medium at 15 to

o still continues firm at our last quot haps a slight advance. A load of leaf by he highest price we have seen paid, t formed that one sale has been made

STEAMBOATS.

For Cairo, Hickman, Columbus & Memphis. TYCOON, Will leave this day, the 21st inst., at 2.

M., from the city wharf. For freight or
passage apply on board or to
[21] B. J. CAFFREY, Agent.

MAY DUKF, Will leave on this day, the 21st inst., at 4 P. M. positively. For freignt orpassage apply on board or to MOORHEAD & CO. Agents. BEGULIAR PACKET—U.S.MAIL MORNING LINE Connecting at Cincinnati with Early Eastern Trains.

FOR CINCINNATI.

The magnificent passenger steamers The magnificent passenger steamers MAJA AN DERSON, HILDRETH, master, GEN. BUELL, WHITTON, master.
One of the above steamers will leave for the above cert daily at 12 o'clock M.
For freight or passenge apply on board or to JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent.
Office at the Wharfboat, foot of Third st.

Louisville & Evansville U.S. Mailboats Leave daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock P. M. For Owensboro, Evansville, Henderson, and All Intermediate Landings. The Spiendid Passenger Steamers PEGREY EAGLE......Capt. J. H. Bunce, eaves Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock P. M. STAR GREY EAGLE.......... Capt. J. HUTSENPILLEB, Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 o'clock P. M.

Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays and Outre. In.
Notice.—All freights and Passengersmust be at the
Portland Wharf before 5 P. M., as the boats will not
be delayed after that time under any circumstances.
Letters, Bills of Lading, Packages, &s., must be left
with the agents, on Fourth street, between Main and
the river, before 3 P. M.

J. H. BUNCE, Supt.

Nevada, Pittsburg J. B. Ford, Cin.

enth Congress. [PUBLIC-No. 19.] An Act making appropriations for the sup of the army for the year ending the t

of the army for the year ending the thir-tieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and for a deficiency for the signal ser-vice for the year ending June thirty, eigh-teen hundred and sixty-three. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums he and the same archeroly appropriated out be and the same are hereby appropriated, or of any money in the Treasury not otherwis appropriated, for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eight teen hundren and sixty-four:

teen hundren and sixty-four:
For expenses of recruiting, transportation of recruits, and compensation to citizen surgeons for medical attendance, two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.
For bounties and premiums for recruits of the regular army, three hundred and twenty-four thousand dollars.
For bounties for recruits of the volunteer service five million dollars.

For bounties for recruits of the volunteer service, five million dollars.

For collecting, drilling, and organizing volunteers, and all other necessary expenses, ten million seven hundred thousand dollars.

For pay of the army, nine million five hundred and ninety six thousand five hundred and thirty-eight dollars.

For commutation of officers' subsistence, one million six hundred and twenty thousand and forty-eight dollars.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, one hundred and four thousand six hundred dollars.

hundred dollars.

For payments to discharged soldiers f.

clothing not drawn, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For payments in lieu of clothing for officers servants, seventy-six thousand nine hundred

and seventy dollars.

For pay of volunteers under acts of twenty second and twenty-fifth of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, two hundred and sixty million four hundred and ten thousand nin hundred and eighty-one dollars and

For subsistence in kind for regulars, volunteers, engineers, Indians, and hospital stewards, one hundred and forty million one hundred and thirty-two thousand six hundred and thirty-two thousand six hundred. and eighty-nine dollars and twenty cents. For the regular supplies of the quarterm ter's department, consisting of fuel for officers, enlisted men, guard, hospitals, stor houses, and offices; of forage in kind the horses; mules, and oxen of the quart master's department at the several posts a tations, and with the armies in the field: the horses of the several regiments of caval the batteries of artillery, and such compar erving in the field and at the outposts. cluding bedding for the animals; of straw soldiers' bedding, and of stationery, includi blank books for the quartermaster's depa ment, certificates for discharged soldie

blank forms for the pay and quartermaste departments; and for the printing of division and department orders and reports, sixty-sev million two hundred and seventeen thousand even hundred and ninety-one dollars. master's department, consisting of postage of letters and packets received and sent by officers of the army on public service; expenses courts-martial and courts of inquiry, includit the additional compensation of judge advecates, recorders, members, and witnesses, which the transition of the courts of the co on that service, under the act of March siteenth, eighteen hundred and two; extra p to soldiers employed, under the direction the quartermaster's department, in the ero tion of barracks, quarters, storehouses, as hospitals; in the construction of roads, and other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days, under the acts of March second ighteen hundred and nineteen, and Augucluding those employed as clerks at division and department headquarters; expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and rmies in the field; of escorts to paymaste where military escorts cannot be furnished expenses of the interment of officers killed in action, or who die when on duty in the field, or at posts at the frontiers, or at other post and places when ordered by the Secre ary of War, and of non-commissione

ficers and soldiers; authorized office fu niture; hire of laborers in the quarte master's department, including the hire of terpreters, spies, and guides for the army; co tion of clerks to officers of the naster's department; compensation of fora nd wagon masters, authorized by the act uly fifth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eigh for the apprehension of deserters, and the ex-penses incident to ther pursuit; and for the following expenditures required for the several ogiments of cavalry, the batteries of lig stillery, and such companies of infantry may be mounted, viz: the purchase of trav-ing forges, blacksmiths' and shoeing too rse and mule shoes, and nails, iron and ste or shoeing, hire of veterinary surgeons, med-cines for horses and mules, picket ropes, and for shoeing the horses of the corps named; also, generally, the proper and authorized expenses or the movements and operations of an army not expressly assigned to any other depart ment, nineteen million one hundred and twe ty-five thousand dollars. For the purchase of cavalry and artillery

horses, twenty-three million one hundred and eighty-nine thousand three hundred and sevty-five dollars. For mileage, or the allowance made to offipers of the army for the transportation of themselves and their baggage, when travelling on duty without troops, escorts, or sup-plies, one million of dollars. For transportation of the army, including

the baggage of the troops when moving, either by land or water; of clothing, camp and gar-rison equipage, from the depots at Philadel-phia and New York and Cincinnati to the everal posts and army depots, and from the epots to the troops in the field; and of s sistence from the places of purchase, and from the places of delivery under contract, to suc places as the circumstances of the service me equire them to be sent; of ordnance, or nance stores, and small arms, from founder and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots; freights, wharfage, tolls, and ferriages; for the purchase and hire of horses, mules, oxen, and harness, and the purchase and repair of wagons, carts, and drays, and of ships, and other see going vessels, and boats required for the trans rtation of supplies and for garrison purpos drayage and cartage at the several pohire of teamsters; transportation of funds for the pay and other disbursing departments; the expense of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic and Pacific; and for procuring water at such posts as, from their situation to be brought from a distance; and for clearing roads, and removing obstructions from roads, harbors, and rivers, to the extent which may be required for the actual opera-

ions of the troops in the field, fifty-six mi For hire or commutation of quarters for fficers on military duty; hire of quarters for roops; of storehouses for the safe keeping of military stores; of grounds for summer can tonments; for the construction of temporar outs, hospitals, and stables, and for rebuildings at established posts, eight mil-For heating and cooking stoyes, one hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For telegraph for military purposes, and for expenses in operating the same, five hundred sand dollars. For supplies, transportation and care of pris-pers of war, one million five hundred thou-

For contingencies of the army, six hundred

thousand dollars.

For clothing for the army, camp and garrison equipage, and for expenses of offices and arsenals, seventy-six million two hundred and eighty-one thousand nine hundred and eleven

for hospital stores, bedding, and so forth r the volunteers, three million five hundred For hospital furniture and field equipments or the volunteers, one million dollars.

For medical books, stationery, and printing, or the volunteers, one hundred thousand dol-

For private physicians and medicines furished by them for the volunteers, four hundred thousand dollars. For hire of clerks and laborers in purvey-ng depots for the volunteers, twenty-five

thousand dollars.

For continuing meteorological observations and tabulating the same, under the direction of the surgeon-general, for the volunteers, one thousand dollars. For contingencies, for the volunteers, twelve For contingencies, for the volunteers, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of soldiers acting as cooks and nurses, under the acts of August sixteen, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, and March three, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, for the volunteers, seventy-five thousand and the seventy-five thousand and fifty-seventy-five thousand fifty-seventy-five thousand fifty-seventy-five thousand fifty-seventy-five fift

For ice, fruits, and other comforts, under acts of August three, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and July five, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, for the volunteers, one hundred and seven-ty thousand dollars. For citizen nurses, under act of July five, ighteen hundred and sixty-two, for the volunteers, one hundred thousand dollars.

For hospital clothing, for the volunteers,

ohty thousand dollars. For care of sick soldiers in private hospitals or the volunteers, one hundred and sixteen housand five hundred dollars. For artificial limbs for volunteer soldiers and eamen, forty-five thousand dollars.
For the army medical museum, five thou-

and dollars.
For medicines and medical attendance for rgo refugees (commonly called contrabands), ty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the adjutant eneral's department at department head-uarters, two thousand dollars. For expenses of the commanding general's ffice, ten thousand dollars. For armament of fortifications, two million For armament of fortifications, two million ive hundred thousand dollars.

For the current expenses of the ordnance ervice, nine hundred thousand dollars.

For ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies,

ncluding horse equipments for all mounted coops, six million five hundred and forty-five housand dollars.

For the manufacture of arms at the national rmory, two million eight hundred and eighty

thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements and new machinery at the national armory at Springfield, Massachusetts, one hundred and fifty thousand For the purchase of gunpowder and lead,

wo million four hundred and eighty thousand For additions to and extensions of shop room, machinery, tools, and fixtures for ar-senals, five hundred thousand dollars.

For purchase and manufacture of arms for rolunteers and regulars, and ordnance and ordnance stores, fourteen million nine hundred and sixty thousand dollars. housand dollars.

For printing charts of lake surveys, fifteen

Northwestern lakes, including Lake Superior, one hundred and six thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine dollars.

For the signal service of the United States
Army, one hundred and fifteen thousand eight

hundred and ninety-one dollars.

For deficiency for signal service for the United States Army for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, twelve thousand two hundred and twenty-five

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That n money shall be paid from the Treasury of the United States to any person acting or assuming to act as an officer, civil, military, or naval, as salary in any office, which office is not authorized by some previously existing law unless where such office shall be subsequently sanctioned by law, nor shall any money be paid out of the Treasury, as salary, to any per-son appointed during the recess of the Senate,

Approved, February 9, 1863. The Emperor Napoleon went, on the 16th, on a shooting excursion to Fontainbleau, ac-Prince de la Moskowa, General Fleury, and the Marquis de Toulongeon. The sport was excellent, 1,200 head of game being laid low, of which his Majesty killed more than 300. The same authority gives an emphatic denial to the statement that McClellan has been nial to the statement that McClellan has been the Emperor returned to Paris in the evening. An American seaman named Clinton, who was stabled on the 6th inst. in New Road, Ratcliffe Highway, London, has died from his wounds. Several suspected men are in cus-tody, but Clinton was unable to identify any of them as the man that actually struck the

fatal blow, and the police state their appre-hension that the deceased's comrades have been bribed and sent out of the way to prevent their giving evidence on the point. At Rome, Pasquino has made a joke at the expense of the Emperor Napoleon and his campaign in Mexico. The word "ducat" in Italian expresses alike the English words "duchy" and "ducat." Pasquino foretells that, although the war in Italy only costs three ducats, the war in Mexico will cost a "Napoleon."

Lord Palmerston has got the hardest kind of a nut to crack in the new French Minister of a first to crack in the new French Minister to London, Baron Gros. He is the best hater of England in France, the toughest kind of a diplomatist, shrewd and obstinate, and devoted to his master, who has made him.

sick.

The steamer McClellan from New Orleans the 10th has arrived. Nothing of a military moment had transpired. The Delta had been suppressed by Gen. Banks, but the employees

der the care of a tutor. I am not able to mention the name of the gentleman selected for this responsible post, but it is positively said that he is not a bishop.

It is rumored that the rebels had attacked the blockading fleet at Mobile, but it is unconfirmed. The Brooklyn and Scioto were block-

General Count de Seran, formerly aide-decamp to the Duke d'Enghien, has just died in his 93d year. He was one of the last repro-sentatives of the army of 1789. He had been a fellow-student and even the corporal of Napoleon at the school of Brienne. William Roupell, ex-member of the British Parliament, who was some time since con-

victed of enormous forgeries, is still an in-mate of the Model Prison at Pentonville, where he is employed in picking oakum. He continues to show the utmost indifference. Prince Alfred, of England, has passed his examination for seamanship on board the St. George, and has received an acting order as

ieutenant. He will not, however, be con-firmed in the rank until he passes at the Royal Naval College at Portsmouth.

Mr. G. Lawrence, author of "Guy Livingstone," &c., has just left England for the Southern States of America. It is reported that he intends taking service under "Stonewall" Jackson. The records of his observations are to be published in the London journal "Once a Week. The Vienna Gazette announces that the Em-

peror Francis Joseph has conferred on Baron Anthony de Rothschild, consul general for Austria in London, the order of the Golden Crown, second class.

Mr. Cobden and Mr. Hallam, hearing that their names were among the new batch of paronets to be made by royal authority, de-

Among other candidates for public favor in London is M. Jullier, who announces a dance orchestra after the fashion of that of his father.

Headed to the French Chamber is an important letter from the Emperor Napoleon to Gen. Forey, commander of the French troops in Mexico, in which we read:

er companion in captivity of Silvio Pellico, at Spielberg.

It is said that the Marquis de Moustier has really informed his Government that the Sul-

left him a property valued at \$214,000. Of this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to this there is land located in that county to the expeditionary force in Mexico is made up of 20,000 men and 5,000 horses.

Bankruptey in England.—A late London letter speaks of the great increase of bankruptey in England. The number of bankrupteis gazetted the past year amounts to about nine thousand. Hitherto the annual number has been about two thousand. The remarkable increase is attributed to the American war.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Evening Dispatches. General Butler to have a Command! Fraud in the Quartermaster's Depart-

Gen. Burnside going into Active Service! Arrest of Smugglers in Maryland! Attack of Charleston and Savannah!

ment!

Melancholy Death of Com. Woodhill! Jeff. Davis's Proclamation Repudiated! The Mexicans Claim a Victory over the French!

[Special to the New York World.] WASHINGTON, Feb. 19. The Republican confirms the statement of Gen. Butler being ordered to an important command. It is not New Orleans, but is re-garded as an important field of operation, probbly an entirely new department.
The Ways and Means Committee has deci ded to place no additional tax on whisky. No decision yet has been made on tobacco—probably a slight tax will be added. The Commit-ee has decided to reduce the duty on imports of printing paper. The exact amount to be eft is unknown, probably not under five per [Special to the New York Times.]

Persons in a position to know, say at least twenty-five millions of dollars have been stolen in the Quartermaster's department during the last few months.

Gen. Burnside will at once enter on his new command. He left for New York to-night.

Col. Van Valkenburg, of the 20th Indiana, has been dismissed from the service for disloyalty and unbecoming conduct.

[Herald's Despatch.] Yesterday the detective corps of Col. Baker, Provost Marshal of the War Department, arrested at Berlin, Md., a F. M. Filler and Joel Mann, both belonging to Loudon county, Va., with \$9,000 in Confederate money upon them, directed to Rev. Dr. Mill, Richmond; also a large number of letters for various parties at the South. They had \$8,000 worth of contraband goods in a wagon. They came from Baltimore with a pass from the military authorities there.

horities there. New York, Feb. 20. The Times cays it has been positively stated in Washington that the attack on Charleston and Savannah is to take place on the 20th,

For surveys of military defences, one hun-red and fifty thousand dollars.

For purchase and repair of instruments, ten

Was adopted appropriating \$400,000 dollars for marine barracks at Mare Island, California.

The amendments striking out the appropriawas adopted appropriating \$400,000 dollars for marine barracks at Mare Island, California. tions for a sectional dry dock at the New York and Norfolk navy yards were agreed to. housand dollars.

For continuing the survey of Northern and the bill passed. Mr. Wade moved to take up the bill organ-

izing the Territory of Arizona.

Mr. Trumbull hoped the Senate would proceed with the consideration of the bill for the discharge of State prisoners. Mr. Fessenden moved to go into executive session. Rejected—yeas 18, nays 22. The question recurred on taking up the Arizona bill. Adopted—yeas 24, nays 15.

After executive session, the Senate ad-BALTIMORE, Feb. 19.

This afternoon, while Gen. Butler, in company with the reception committee and Gen. Schenck and staff, were visiting the forts around the city, a melancholy accident occurred. They had visited Fort McHenry, Federal Hill, and Fort Marshall. Here a salute was fired just as the party had passed along the paid out of the Treasury, as salary, to any person appointed during the recess of the Senate, to fill a vacancy in any existing office, which vacancy existed while the Senate was in session and is by law required to be filled by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, until such appointee shall have been confirmed by the Senate.

> Representative Gooch said to-day in the House, by instruction of the Committee or the Conduct of the War, that the recently pub-Prince Napoleon, the two lished statement that Gen. Meigs refus testify to the treason of an officer is without

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20-M.

River 7 feet 6 inches by pier mark and stationary. Weather wet. NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

The steamer Eagle has arrived from Havana Mexican advices represent the small-pox and dysentery as making sad havoc among the French troops. The French war steamer Lance was burned. At the abandonment of Sacrificios three vessels, one laden with ammunition and the others with provisions, were also

The Mexicans claim to have beaten 1,200 French at El Oragano, causing them to re-treat with a loss of 26 killed and 30 or 40 wounded. They also have captured Jalapa The French have established themselves at Perote and Duecholoe. In the latter are 2,000

to his master, who has made him.

A Paris letter says: It is stated that the Imperial Prince is to be emancipated from petticoat government next month, and placed undirected its continuance under the management of the book keeper.

It is rumored that the rebels had attacked ading Galveston.

[Special to the Herald.] Washington, Feb. 20. Official information has been received that the rebel Congress refused to sustain Davis's proclamation regarding the non-exchange of Federal officers. It has also taken action with a view of releasing Unionists in the South ar-

rested and imprisoned for political offences. FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 18. General Foster arrived to-day on his way XXXVIITH CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20. A Committee of Conference was appointed on the indemnity act.

Mr. Shellaberger offered a resolution which was adopted that as difficulties have arisen regarding the pay of the volunteers that the Committee on Military affairs be instructed to inquire into and report what legislation is necessary to secure the payment of soldiers from the time they entered the service instead of when they as companies wer mustered in.

The national currency bill was then taken

LETTER FROM THE EMPEROR NAPOLEON PURPOSE OF FRANCE IN MEXICO .- Among the documents in the "Yellow Book" just commu-nicated to the French Chamber is an import-

Mr. Sala has retired from the editorship of Temple Bar, in compliance with the recommendation of his physician.

The death is recorded of Andryane, the formtion of the world, the prosperity of America is not a matter of indifference to Europe, for it is she who feeds our manufactories and gives life to our commerce. We have an interest in this—that the republic of the United States dollars and fifty-four cents.

For medicines, instruments, dressings, and so forth, for the regular army, one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars.

For hospital stores, bedding, and so forth, for the regular army, one hundred thousand dollars.

For hospital furniture and field equipments, for the regular army, thirty thousand dollars.

For hospital furniture and field equipments, for the regular army, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For medical books, stationery, and printing, for the regular army, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For private physicians and medicines for the regular army and printing, for the regular army, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For private physicians and medicines for the regular army and printing, for the regular army, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For private physicians and medicines for the regular army are physicians and medicines for the regular army are physicians and medicines for the regular army are physicians and medicines for the regular army, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For private physicians are life to our commerce. We have an interest in this—that the republic of the United States be powerful and prosperous; but we have none in this—that the republic of the United States be powerful and prosperous; but we have none in this—that the republic of the United States be powerful and prosperous; but we have none in this—that the republic of the United States be powerful and prosperous; but we have none in this—that the republic of the United States be powerful and prosperous; but we have none in this—that the Sultant in the Callada Archael States be powerful and prosperous; but we have none in this—that the Sultant in this—that the Sultant in the Sultant in the Sultant in the Sultant in the Callada Archael here lived in this city a carpenter named Cyra Holmes, who, although industrious and houdred and fifty dollars.

For private physicians and medicines furnished by them, for the regular army, fifty-seven thousand the lundred dollars.

For hire of clerks and laisorers in purveying depots, for the regular army, or thousand six hundred dollars.

For continuing meteorological observations and tabulating the same, under the direction of the surgeon-general, for the regular army, five hundred dollars.

For contingencies, for the regular army, five hundred dollars.

For contingencies, for the regular army, five hundred dollars.

For contingencies, for the regular army, five hundred dollars.

For contingencies, for the regular army, five hundred dollars.

For contingencies, for the regular army, two thousand only hundred and fifty-six, and March three, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, and March three, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and hundred and sixty-two, for the regular army, two thousand other comforts, under a contingencies, for the regular army, two thousand other comforts, under a contingencies, for the regular army, two thousand other comforts, under a contingencies, for the regular army, two thousand of lars.

For compensation of soldiers acting as cooks and narses, under the acts of August sixteen, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, and March three, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and hundred and sixty-two, for the regular army, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of soldiers acting as cooks and narses, under the comforts, under three, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and hundred and sixty-two, for the regular army, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of soldiers acting as cooks and narses, under the direction of the surgeon depote the hundred and sixty-one, and hund

MARSHAL'S SALES.

Marshal's Sale. against L. V. Bunn's Heirs, &c., In Chancery. No. 17,160. BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUIS-VILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on MONDAY, March 2, 1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M.,

proved security, bearing interest from date until paid and a lien will be retained as additional security. THOMAS A, MORGAN, M. L. C. C. 120 dtd N. BEALL GANNT, Deputy.

Marshal's Sale. Tho. Browne's Assignee, &c., against
Tho. Browne's Creditors, &c., D. Browne's Creditors, &c.,)

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause,
the undersigned, or one of us, will, on MONDAY,
Feb. 23, 1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M.,
sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the
Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, the stock
on a credit of 4 months, and the real estate on a credit
of 6, 12, and 18 months, the property in pleadings meaning oned;
78 shares stock in the Southern Pacific Railroad;
80 shares Fort Wayne and Southern Railroad;
20 shares Western Virginia and Kentucky Railroa
and Coal Co.;
13 shares Northern Central Railroad;
85 Certificate Resolute Fire Insurance Co.;
1 share Masonic Hall.

A LOT OF GROUND, ought by Tho. Browne from N. S. Bray, and fribed in the Commissioners' report filed in owne vs. Shipp, No. 1,025, as follows, to-wir. 12 beginning at the eastern line of the Lot d Xashville Railroad at its intersection w and Nashville Railroad at its intersection with the Shipp tract of land, thence with the northern line of same S. 744 E. 34 8 poles to the west line of Sixtl street extended, thence with the west line of same N. 3deg. 40 min. E. 22 4 poles to the south line of lot No II, thence with same N. 36 deg. 20 min. at right angle to Sixth street 35.1 poles to the east line of the rail road, thence with same S. 9½ E. 16.6 poles to the be ginning, containing 3 acres 3 roads and 34 poles.

A LOT, situated on the south side of Chestnu street, near Fourteenth street, fronting 32½ feet of Chestnut street and extending back same width 20 feet to an alley.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date untipad, and a lien will be retained on the real estate a additional security.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE. Assistant Quartermaster's Office, Louisville, Ky., Feb. 18, 1853. SEALED PROPOSALS, ENDORSED "PROPOSAL" for Forage," will be received at this office until P. M. on the 27th instant, for furnishing the following supplies, which must be delivered as hereinaft mentioned:

one.

One of the state of the s

orice delivered at each place we alst day of eilvery to be completed by the 31st day of eilvery to be completed by the 31st day of 53.

The per cent of each article to be delivered antil the contract is completed.

It is must be present in person when the bid ned, and be prepared to enter into contract, otherwise their bids will not be considere bid is made in the name of a firm, it must by all the members of the firm. Bond in for (10,000) ten thousand dollars for co. I) ten thousand dollars for hay, and (5, housand dollars for hay, and (5, housand dollars for oats, or in that proportion in the standard dollars for hay, and (5, housand dollars for oats, or in that proportion in the standard dollars for hay, and (5, housand dollars for oats, or in that proportion is still be resulted for will be regular to the standard for he contract for must have bonds significant in the ontractor must have bonds significant for the contractor must have bonds significant in anticipation and ready to be presented in significant for the contractor must have bonds significant for the contractor must have bon

copy of this advertisement to accompany the bid order of WM. JENKINS, Capt. and Chief Ass'

SAM'L BLACK,

© Sam'L BLACK,

Capt and A. Q. M.

Louis Democrat, and Chicago Times please copud send bills to this office.

DEFOT OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 13, 1863.

BY DIRECTION OF CAPTAIN W. JENKINS, A. Q. M., and Chief Quartermaster, proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, Feb. 21, 1000 reams Cap Paper; 2,000 "Letter Paper; 1,000 "Note Paper; 1,000 "Note Paper; 300,000 Official Envelopes; 300,000 detter Envelopes; 300,000 doz. bottles Black Ink—quarts; 400 doz. bottles Black Ink—quarts; 50 "Red Tape; 37,000 pieces Red Tape; 37,000 pieces Red Tape;

37,000 pieces Red Tape; 800 gross Steel Pens; 284 "Pen Holders; 400 "Lead Pencis; 150 hs Sealing Wax; 800 Blank Books, each 2, 3, & 4 quires (cap paper) 175 Memorandum Books; 70 doz Common Inkstands; 10 "Rulers.

G. A. HULL, M. S. K., U. S. Army ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE U. S. COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, LOUISVILLE, KY., February 12, 1863, EALED PROPOSALS MADE BY FIRST HAND will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. I un Tuesday, the 24th of February, 1863, for furnishin he following subsistence supplies:

con Sides, packed in herces to contain 300 lbs net each.

500,000 lbs best quality new Bacon Shoulders, packed in tierces, to contain 300 lbs net each;
4,000 bushels bost quality new White Beans, well seasoned, dry, and clean, in good, bright, well-coopered barrels, full head lined (62 lbs to the bushel).

2,000 bushels best quality Split Peas, in good, strong, well-coopered barrels, full head lined.

10,000 lbs prime Rice, in clean, good barrels, full head lined.

600,000 lbs Broasted Coffee, in double sacks.

600,000 lbs Broasted Coffee, in double sacks.

600,000 lbs Broasted Coffee, in double sacks.

10,000 gallons good Vinegar of sufficient strength to neutralize 28 grains of bicarbonate of soda to one fluid ounce.

neutralize 2s grains of bicarbonate of soda to one fluid ounce.

10,000 lbs best quality Star Candles, full weight, 16 ounces to the pound.

100,000 lbs good hard Soap.

1,000 bushels dry, fine Salt, in good, strong, well-coopered barrels, full head lined.

10,000 gallons good Whisky (copper distilled).

The above to be delivered free of all charges at the Commissary Storehouse in Louisville, Ky., between the 1st and 20th of March, 1863.

No allowance will be made for packages, which must be strong and well made and plainly marked as per pattern to be seen at this office.

Actual tare will be deducted for all descriptions of packages.

eta, amples of all articles except meats must accompany amples of all articles except meats must accompany posals and be carefully marked with the name of bidder; and should any party to whom a contract awarded under this advertisement fail to complith its requirements, no bid thereafter will be reved from such party.

Il goods are to be received subject to the inspection such person as the Commissary of Subsistence shall agnate. ats will be made in such funds as may be fur Payments will be made in such funds as may be fur-ished by the Government.

Bidders or duly authorized agents must be present at he announcement of the awards or their names will be stricken from the list.

The specifications of this advertisement must be triefly complied with.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids for proper cause.

H. C. SYMONDS. td Capt. and Commissary of Subsistant

LOTS FOR SALE. No. 153, 100x105, s w cor Walnut and Hancock. No. 153, 40x165, ss Walnut, bet Jackson and Han No. 7, 217% x165, n s Chestnut, bet Shelby and Cam

nut, bet Jackson and Hanceck.

Triangle, 210 front, e Green and Garden.
140x117, Campbell, near Fulton.
45 acres near the city, on Newburg road, near the first
toil gate. (Two fine building sites.)
Lot on Portland Avenue.

82 JOHN WILSON, at Wm. James's Plumbing
Store, west side of Fifth street, near Court Place, will
show the property.

Apply to

HENNING & SPEED.

23 Arzeiger copy for one week and charge G. H.
13 dt 1st Mar '63 DR. HARDIN HAS REMOVED

RAILROADS.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad. ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, FEBRUARY I, PASsenger and Freight Trains will run through to Nashville without change of cars.

7 A. M. PASSENGER TRAIN FOR LEBANON,
Perryville, Danville, Harrodsburg, Campbellsville, A A. M. PASSENGER TRAIN FOR BOWLING freen, and Russellville on Memphis Branch, and ranklin, Gallatin, and Nashville on Main Road. 5:30 A. M. WAY FREIGHT TRAIN FOR BOWL-g Green and Memphis Branch. 8:30 P. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN for Nash. 5 A. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN for Nash-7 A. M. FREIGHT TRAIN FOR LEBANON. Freight in limited quantities for Bowling Green and Way Stations will be received.

Louisville & Frankfort and Frankfort & Lexington Railroads. TRAINS WILL RUN ON THEIR USUAL TIME on and after to-day. The Accommodation for the present will only go as far as Lagrange.

Freight Trains will run every other day, leaving Louisville on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Freight will not be received for Stations beyond Frank ort for the present Freight will not be received for Stations beyon Frank ort for the present. January 20, 1863.—bl&j SAM'L GILL, Sup't. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Reopened.

B. MARSHEL, Sup't of Transportation

WE ARE NOW PREPARED to issue through Bills of Lading to all points East via Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, with guaranties against loss or damage from military seizure whilst ir transit over said road.

MOORHE & & CO., jo dt Agents, 116 all street. PENNSYLVANIA ocentral Railroad.

325 Miles Double Track. MAN THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O IN ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITH THE DE-mands of the travelling public, the managers of this popular route have added many improvements during the year 1862, and, with its connections, it will be found in all respects a FIRST CLASS ROUTE to all the Eastern cities. The track is stone ballasted and entirely free from dust.

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA (with close connections from Western Cities), ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK, THROUGH PHILADELPHIA, CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT HARRISBURG

FOR Baltimore and Washington. FROM PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK ONE TRAIN BUNS DAILY (430 MILES) VIA ALLENTOWN, WITHOUT CHANGE of CARS Arriving in advance of all other Routes.

SEVEN DAILY TRAINS FROM PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK.

TICKETS FOR SALE TO BOSTON BY BOAT OR BAIL Boat Tickets good on any of the Sound Lines.

FARE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY BOUTS. SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS TO Philadelphia. New York, & Baltimore.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TRANSFERRED FREE. FREIGHTS. By this route freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Bostom, or Baltimore, to and from any point on the Raliroads of Ohio, Kentueky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri by Raiiroad direct.

The Pennsylvania Central Railroad also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, and Red Riversiand at Cleveland, Sandusky, and Chicago with steamers to all ports on the Northwestern Lakes.

Merchants and shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to this Company can rely with confidence on its speedy transit. lence on its speedy transit.
THE RATES OF FREIGHT to and from any point
the West by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad are
all times as favorable as are charged by the other Railparticular to mark packages "via Penn'a R R"

freight Contracts or Shipping Directions apply ddress either of the following Agents of the

LIVE STOCK. Drovers and Farmers will find this the most ad-geous route for Live Stock. Capacious Yards, atered and supplied with every convenience, len opened on this line and its connections, and e ENOCH LEWIS, Gen'l Superintendent, Altoona, Pa. L. L. HOUPT, Gen'l Ticket Agent, Philadelphia. H. H. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Agent, Philadelphia

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. FOR ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT. 1862. Winter Arrangement. 1863.

ville) as follows:
8:45 A. M. CHICAGO EXPRESS (Daily except Sundays), making close connections at Mitchell with O. & M. Railroad for St. Louis, Cairo, and the West, arriving at St. Louis at 9:00 P. M.; connecting also at Greencastle Junction with T. & R. Railroad East and West and at Lafayette with T. & W. Railroad East and West and Michigan City for Chicago and Detroit.

This Road runs the only trains from Louisville con-ecting with Ohio and Mississippi Railroad West.

Trains are run by Louisville time S. S. PARKER, Agent. A. B. CULVER, Sup't. m5 dtf JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER TO-DAY, MAY 5, 1862, TRAINS on this Road will leave and arrive as follows: LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE: 2:30 P. M. FAST EXPRESS for Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicaco, and the East.

10:00 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and the East. nati, Chicago, and the East.

Boy Both Trains making connections for the East.

ARRIVE AT JEFFERSONVILLE: Both Trains making connections from the East JAS. FERRIER, G. T. A.

J. E. MOORE - - - - Freight Agent,

Louisville, Ky. THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO EASTERN CITTLES given at lowest rates via River to Pittsburg-Mail Line to Cincinnati and via Jeffersonville Railroad.

BUSH, MOSS, & CO. 30,000 DONATIONS! lickets-Single, \$1; six, \$5; twelve, \$10; twenty-five, \$20.

\$35 100 Agents wanted, who will be allowed 20 per cent on sales effected. For tickets please address 130 d3m* BUSH, MOSS, & CO., Louisville, Ky.

SADDLES, HARNESS COLLARS, TRUNKS, WHIPS, BITS & SPURS SAM'L BAKER'S Saddlery Warehouse,

609 MAIN STREET, This is the House. Don't forget the Number 100 GROSS FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE for EDW. WILDER, 514 Main st.

CHEESE—
200 boxes Western Reserve Cheese;
200 do Hamburg do;
10 do English Dairy do;
In store and for sale by

f9 d12 Main, bet. Third and Fourth sts A Valuable Farm for Sale.

In Henry County, Ky., on the new of and Louisville road, three miles from New two miles from Smithfield, and three miles from ence, containing about 300 acres, in good re nence, containing about 300 acres, in good repair, al in fine grass, with two sets of dwellings and out-build ings on the farm. Apply to M. P. MOODY, Executor of R. B. Moody. City Reference—Shockency & Moody, Main st.—Tid dim

January 5, 1863. January 5, 1863. COPARTNERSHIP. ME. HENRY WEHMHOFF AND MR. JOHN A DICKINSON have associated themselves togeth er under the name and style of

WEHMHOFF&DICKINSON for the purpose of conducting the Upholstery and Mattress Business,

at the old stand of Mr. Wehmhoff, on the south side of Main street, between Second and Third, No. 215.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage extended to each of us in our former business relations, we hope by strict attention to merit a continuance of past favors.

Our stock consists in part of

Our stock consists in part of
Superior Spring Mattressee, Super Blankets,
Pure curied Hair do, Bed Comforts,
Cotton and Moss do,
Shuck do, Sheets & PillowSlips,
do, Musketo Bars,
Pillows and Bolsters,
Curtain Bands, Shade and Curtain Trimming,
&C., &C., &C., &C.
We also make and lay Carpets, hang Curtains and
Shades, and make to order all Goods in our line on
short notice and on reasonable terms.

WEIMHUGFF & DICKINSON,
jan15 d3m 215 Main st., bet. Second and Third.



REMINGTON'S Army & Navy Revolver HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE U. S. BOARD af Ordnance, and is now largely used in the serice.

Circulars, with prices to the trade, furnished on ay lication. Abdress

E. REMINGTON & SONN, d6 d3m

LLION, N. Y. 518 Main, between Third and Fourth sts. Louisville, Feb. 4, 1863—dif

OTTER CREEK MILLS 196 XXXAnti-Humbug Family Flour. s. P. STHELBTT. H. FERGUSON & SON,

For Weakness, Wasting, and every form of Debility.

BAKER & CO.'S

Its use, if fairly tried, will soon restore he tone of the digestive organs, invigorate 0 igure, and add energy to the mind and corvous system. Its value has been remarkowers when ordinary tonics had been vain exhausted. It affords nourishment to he body when no other can be borne, and narkable manner. Bottled only by us.

CITY DRUGGISTS PHILADELPHIA

FOR SALE BY

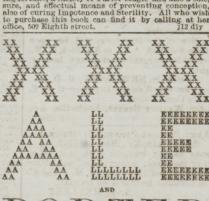
217 CHURCH ALLEY.

BENNETT, RUCH, &CO.

OFFER FOR SALE FOR THE SPRING TRADE D' DRAWERS, AWERS, VERS, RT BOSOMS,

MINERS' WELSH FLANNEL SHIRTS, GENT'S FANCY TRAVELLING SHIRTS, Any of the above description of goods manufactu o order in quantities at short notice. d23 d3m ASTROLOGY. Look Out! Good News for All!

THE NEVEB-FAILING MADAME ISABEL SNELL is the best. She succeeds when all others have failed. All who are in trouble; all who have been unfortunate; all whose fond hopes have been disappointed, crushed, and blasted by false promises and deceit—all fly to her for advice and satisfaction. In love affairs she never fails. She shows you the likeness of your future bushand or wife. She guides Bast and West and Michigan City for Oncomposition of the State of St. Louis at 8:00 A. M. and Cincinnati at 6 A. M. This Train also makes close connection for Chicago and the Northwest. Beturning, leaves St. Louis at 7 A. M. and 5:05 P. M., making immediate connections at Mitchell with South bound drain, arriving at New Albany at 7:50 P. M. and 5:46 A. M. Change of Cars to St. Louis, Cincinnation of Chicago. ee most fortunate. Every person who cannot g long in this world, and has bad luck, should be seession of her Horoscope and get her writte pinion of his future prospect in life. **3" Remember the place, 509 Eighth street, secon



Hops by RHODES & VERNER and SPENCER & GARRARD FOR SALE BY T. F. EVANS, - - - - - Sole Agent, ORYSTAL PALACE, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Brewed from the choicest Barley Malt and

Louisville and Nashville Railroad. TT SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD BY THOSE WE

I WILL CONTINUE THE COMMISSION BUSIness on my own account at the house formerly occupied by Jno. F. Howard & Co., Main, between Third
and Fourth streets.
Jan. 27, 1863.—j28 dtf GEO. C. HUNTER Pension Blanks & Powers of Attorney, A LSO RAPP'S MANUAL FOR PENSIONS, containing all the Laws, Forms, and Regulations for these Claims. \$2. By mail \$2.25.



Corner Fourth and Main sts., Louisville, Ky. HAVING LEASED THE ABOVE LARGE AND COMFORTABLE HOTEL FOR A TERM OF YEARS, painted and papered throughly repaired. The outside is to be painted in the best manner. The interior is being nished bouse. Entirely new hair mattresses will be placed in every room. The location is the most central of any Hotel in the city, being convenient to the railroad, telegraph and express offices, banks, post-seffice, and C. M. METCALF, Proprietor,

Refined Carbon Oil, Refined Coal Oil, Extra Lard Oil, Lubricating Petroleum, Benzole and Naptha, Car and Axle Grease, Paint Dryer, Coal and Carbon Oil and Lamps of every description, Wicks, Shades, Chimneys, Globes, Brushes, Lamp Trimmings, &c.

BUSINESS CARDS.

0. K. KING & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 62 Pine street, New York. Befer to James Punnett, Esq., Pres't Bank of Amer-ca, New York.

By Special attention given to consignments of Leaf Fobacco.

j14 d2m*

HOLYOKE & ROGERS, General Commission Merchants TOBACCO FACTORS,

162 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.
N.E. MILTON & CO., of Louisville, are our Agents,
nd will make advances on consignments to our ad-N. E. MILTON. N. E. MILTON & CO., Produce and Provision Brokers COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

322 Main street, between Third and Fourth, LOUISVILLE, KY S. B. McGILI, 307 Green street, between Third and Fourth, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in and Importer of

HAVANA CIGARS. Virginia Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, Tobacco, Pouches, and every variety of Smoking Tobacco. A large assortment of the best brands of CIGARS and TOBACCO kept constantly on hand.

JOHN H. GRIFFITH, COMMISSION MERCHANT Food, Produce, Grain, Flour, &c., No. 319 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth, LOUISVILLE, KY.
Consignments solicited. Orders filled. ABNER COOPER.

Commission Merchant, BUTTER, CHEESE, and WEST-ERN PRODUCE. No. 314 Main, between Third and Fourth streets, north side, nearly opposite Bank of Louisville. CASH PAID FOR FEATHERS, LARD, WHITE Beans, Dried Fruits, Ginseng, and Beeswax.
Orders for any goods in the city promptly filled.

For Sale.

OFFER FOR SALE AT REASONABLE PRICES
without for each or on short credits, the following 0 x195 south side Main, bet Fifteenth & Sixteenth
9 x210 east side Eighth, bet York and Cawthon.
JAMES B. WILDER,
129 dlm* Chestnut, bet, Fourth and Fifth sts. GROUND FEED.

30 PER CENT SAVING IN HEALTH AND POCKET-Delivered at 40 cents per bushe

ONLY TRY IT.
PURE RYE FLOUR at 3 cents per pound.
GBUSHED CORN at 60 cents per bushel at
GBUSHED CORN at 60 cents per bushel at
High street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth
And orders taken on Fifth, between Jefferson a
Green, west side, at Mrs. Fletcher a Embroidery Sto
j 31 d2m* CAVALRY HORSES.

th streets, for which the highest cash price will b id. 127 dlm W. B. LEONARD. Terre Haute Express and Indianapolis Journal cop amount of \$5 each and charge this office.] D. C. BETTISON'S Photograph Gallery, Main street, below Second,

Over Telegraph Office W. WYATT, UNDERTAKER, Improved Metal Burial Cases THE ABOVE CASKETS ARE MADE OF CORRU-lated Sheet Metal and lined with Gutta Percha or India Rubber so as to be Air and Water Tight. All orders promptly attended to. IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT! 36 36 36

L. A. CIVILL'S STORE, 431 South Main street, 5 doors above Fifth st MILLINERY GOODS Mrs. WM. OSBORN RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE stock of seasonable

Stock of seasonable

MILLINERY GOODS,

When articles in this line, which she will

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF SPECTACLES, in gold, silver, and steel frames, at the OPTICAL STAND in

HAT and BONNET FRAMES of the latest imports BLEACHING and DYEING carefully attended to a 318 Jefferson st., between Third and Fourth. Antiques of the same of the sa

We have already received a full supply of

FALL TRADE,

And shall be happy to see any of our old customer

OTIS & CO.

Louisville, & 405 Broadway, New York.

BOOTS AND SHOES R. M. INGALLS Boots, Shoes, and Hats, Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF JNO. F. HOWARD & CO. IS Idissolved by the death of Mr. John F. Howard, dating from 23d instant. Any claims against the late firm will be settled by me. GEO. C. HUNTER, Surviving partner.

T WILL CONTINUE THE COMMISSION BUSI-

WINE—
25 casks Port Wine;
40 do Madeira do;
25 bbls Malaga do;
30 do Ginger and Muscat Wine;
In store and for sale by
f17

MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

WAREHOUSE AND STORE ON BULLITT STREET.
SCOARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS CORNER SIXTEENTH AND HIGH STREETS.
SCOARBON AND LAMP FACTORY ON BULLITT, BETWEEN MAIN AND WATER,

MAY LAND OIL AND LAMP FACTORY ON BULLITT, BETWEEN MAIN AND WATER,

MAY LAND OIL AND LAMP FACTORY ON BULLITT, BETWEEN MAIN AND WATER, BUSINESS CARDS.

> DEALER IN HAY CORN, AND OATS House formerly occupied by A. L. Shotwell & Son, No. 142 Fourth street, between Main and river, Louisville, Ky.
>
> N. B.—LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE TO persons wishing to contract for the above, which the highest prices will be paid. OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR

N. B. TAYLOR.

DEALERS IN PITTSBURG AND PEYTONA CANNEL COAL, POMEROY COAL. ORDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the O respectiny sold of the "PEYTOlowest market prices.
Constantly on hand a large supply of the "PEYTONA CANNEL" and "PEACOCK POMEROY COALS,
which for kitchen, parlor, or chamber use have no su-

perior.
Office No. 304 Third street, between Market and Joffereon, at Robb's old stand; and at No. 302 southwest corner Brook and Market streets. CAMP EQUIPAGE. AM PREPARED TO FURNISH REGIMENTS or Companies with Camp Stoves, Camp Kettles, Plates, Army Cups, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Canteens, Mess Pans, Cots, Camp Stools, &c., on short notice.

P. M. JONES, OZZ blz%jtf Fourth st., near National Hotel.

Officers' Camp Chest. THE MOST COMPLETE ABTICLE OF THE kind ever invented. Call and see it.
P. M. JONES.
ol2 b22&jtf Fourth st., near National Hote.

CHINA, GLASS, & QUEENSWARE, SPUN COTTON AND BACON, COAL OIL AND LAMPS, GREEN APPLES & DRIED FRUITS.

W. H. CRUTCHER, Ag'L NOTICE.

R. ATKINSON, OF LOUISVILLE, KY., WILL the succeed to the business formerly done by us in this city. We recommend him to patrons of former his city. We recommend outside the source of THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A COM-MISSION HOUSE and Las taken the office No. 55 Exchange Place, formerly occupied by HEWITT & CO. O. W. THOMAS & OO., of Louisville, are my agents in the West, and will make advances on consignments, B. ATKINSON.

New York, Sept. 24, 1862. n17 dtf FILL YOUR ALBUMS Cartes de Visite

Oci. Harlan,

Col. Harlan,

And scores of others from all parts of the world, including all the "fed" and a great many of the "unfed"

Jenerals.
P. S.—Persons from a distance can by enclosing one foliar to our address by mail receive five pictures of any person or persons among our collection.

MEBSTER'S GALLERY.

T. W. MEAD & BEO.), Iron Bailings, Bank Vaults, Verandahs, Fire and Burgiar Proof Safes, Iron Jails, &c., Green street, spyosite Custom House, LOUISVILLE. Y

NEW CLOAKS. NEW CLOAKS ON EXHIBITION

THIS MORNING AT C. T. MERRIMAN'S. National Hotel, Fourth street. CARPETS! CARPETS!

J. G. MATHERS No. 819 Main st., ADJOINING BANK OF LOUISVILLE LIAS AN IMMENSE STOCK OF CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WHITE AND CHECK MATTING sud, which was bought previous to the recent large ance, and which can be sold lower than the same ods can now be purchased in the Eastern markets me, one-come, all.

nd Nottingham Curtsins, Damask and Satin DeLaines a fact everything in the way of Steamboat and House GENTLEMEN'S

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE, Corner Main and Fourth sts., WHERE EVERYTHING CAN BE FOUND AP-

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE. CITY HOTEL, BOWLING GREEN, KY. WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTEN-tion of my former pations and the travelling com-munity to the fact that the above-named house is the most convenient to the railroad and steamboat land-

MANUFACTURERS OF

LOUISVILLE, KY. No acid or other deleterious substance used. War-ranted to answer for all purposes for which Vinegar is made. A large supply always in store and for sale in lots to the trade only. DEALERIN

HAGS! RAGS! KAGS!
HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN FOR BAGS IN OASH
or trade at office of
LOUISVILLE PAPER MILL,
409 Main street
A. V. DuPONT & O WHISKY100 bbls Extra Rectified Whisky;
50 bbls Double Extra Rectified Whisky;
50 bbls Double Abstilled
do; 50 bbls copper distilled
60 bbls fine old Bourbon
55 bbls fine old Rye;
do;

BRANDY10 %pipes Otard, Dupuy, & Co. Brandy;
10 ¼ do Seignette do;
10 ¼ do La Rochelle do;
20 % do Cognac do;
25 bbls N. Y. Brandy;
In store and for sale by
17
MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

WEG LARD-100 kegs prime country Lard on hand

et, Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, and Ingrain Carpets Also in store a large and desirable lot of Shades, Lac

Outfitting Establishment.

OLOTHIMG of all kinds; SHIRTS of all kinds; UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS of all kinds;

In contains every convenience for the comfort of my fatrons. The elecping-rooms are large and well-venilated, and my table is always supplied with the best he market affords.

In fact it is not excelled by any Hotel in the Green since country.

J. ANTHONY & CO.. CIDER, APPLE AND WINE VINEGAR, No. 133 Fourth st., between Main and River,

PURE BOURBON & RYE WHISKY, Foreign and Domestic Liquors. RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!

In store and for sale by MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

TINWARE. &c.